BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 5, 1877. VOLUME XLIV---NUMBER 287.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

TERMS: $8.00 per year; $4.00 for six months, $2.00 for three months. *Invariably in advance.*

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

At the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, invariably in advance.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, No. 6 Tremont Street, Boston.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

HORACE DODD, Agent, Boston.

BATES & LOCKE, Agents, 34 Park Row, N. Y.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

The date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, ⅝ in. wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality. FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer, Salem, Mass. oct4 W&Sly

H. & R. ATWOOD,

Wholesale Dealers and Planters in

PROVIDENCE RIVER AND VIRGINIA OYSTERS,

19 Commercial Street, Boston.

We are selling large PROVIDENCE RIVERS fresh from the beds daily, at $1.00 per gallon, and NORFOLKS at 75 cents per gallon. Also, PROVIDENCE RIVER NATIVES AND PLANTS in the shell by the bushel or barrel. sep12 eod3m

Chorus, Anthem and Glee Books.

Good Societies this Winter will use

The Gem Gleaner. By C. M. CHADWICK, is especially for Choirs, having rather more than one Anthem or Motet for each Sunday of the year. Music by Dr. Munger, J. M. Chadwick, and other fine composers. A good book for the easy practice of Societies. $1.00 or $9 per doz.

Emerson's Chorus Book. By L. O. EMERSON, has a grand collection of Sacred Choruses, and an equally large number of Secular Choruses and Glees. All of the best quality. A first class Society book. $1.25, or $12 doz.

Perkins' Glee & Chorus Book. By H. S. PERKINS, has 26 Glees and 5 Sacred Choruses, all of the best, and makes unusually attractive. A first class Society book. $1.25 or $12 per doz.

Chorus Choir. By E. TOURJEE, has 75 fine Anthems and Choruses, and 25 Chants, Te Deums, &c. First class Chorus book. $15 per doz.

The American Glee Book. By W. O. PERKINS, is a true Glee Book, with the best and most entertaining compositions from beginning to end. $1.50, or $13.50 per doz.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co., 843 Broadway, New York. | J. E. Ditson & Co., Successors to Lee & Walker, Phila.

nov17 S&W&w

Maverick National Bank,

Cor. Water and Congress Streets, BOSTON, MASS.

Incorporated as a State Bank in 1854. Organized as a National Bank in 1865.

CAPITAL, $400,000.

SURPLUS, $200,000.

DIRECTORS:

ASA P. POTTER, President.
NEHEMIAH GIBSON, Ship Owner.
N. B. MANSFIELD, Firm Mansfield & Roberts.
HENRY F. WOODS, Firm Hathaway & Woods.
G. WASHINGTON WARREN, Counsellor at Law.
JONAS H. FRENCH, Prest. Cape Ann Granite Co.
THOMAS DANA, 2d, Firm Thomas Dana & Co.

Accounts of Banks, Institutions and Individuals solicited.

Interest on time deposits allowed at rates agreed upon.

Business paper discounted.

Careful attention given to the collection of notes, drafts, or coupons for banks or others, and the purchase, sale or exchange of United States Bonds. Promptness and fidelity guaranteed to all. Letters received by mail. Correspondence invited.

ASA P. POTTER, President.
SAMUEL PHILLIPS, Cashier.
JOSIAH Q. BENNETT, Asst Cashier.

nov27 TuTh&S 3mos

FIRE KINDLERS NO. 1.

Having made arrangements with shaving makers in town and out, am prepared to deliver this often hard to find necessity in lots of five barrels and upward in any part of the city at 15 cents per barrel, not including package. Cash on delivery. G. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct6

DOWN WE GO,

AND HAVE FOUND BOTTOM.

We shall now do

STEAM, GAS & WATER FITTING,

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

We also keep on hand a large Stock of GAS FIXTURES AND FITTINGS of every description, which we shall sell at a very low price. Give us a call.

No. 7 State St., Bangor, Me.

DOLE, PEAKS & CO.

Bangor, June 13, 1877.

THEY HAVE COME.

We refer to those elegant Flower Pots, consisting in part of Logs, English Hanging Pots, Medallion, Rustic Standing and Hanging Pots, &c., &c., too numerous to mention. Also Ornamented Tubs of different sizes; also potting earth of first quality free with each pot purchased.

These goods will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please you. GEO. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct6

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned will ask of the Legislature to assemble in January next, an act of incorporation for the erection of a dam and improvements upon Houston Brook and Crystal Stream, in Aroostook County, Maine, and to purchase works already erected by individuals, said brook and stream being tributaries of Fish stream which empties into the Mattawamkeag river. They will ask a reasonable toll upon all logs and lumber passing through said works.

ESTATE OF S. F. HERSEY, STETSON & CO.

Bangor, Nov. 22, 1877. eTh3w

Hardwood Butter Tubs.

Two Hundred nice Butter Tubs, all sizes and low price. GEO. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct8

A New and Useful Idea.

Grocers have always suffered the want of a suitable measure for VINEGAR. Call at Robinson's in Norombega and get a sett of sealed stone-lip measures. Throw away your rusty tins and be happy. oct8

ROBINSON'S Improved Butter Jar, Best thing yet discovered. To see is to be convinced of its merit. Call and see it even if you don't wish to purchase. GEO. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct8

STONE WARE of all kinds wholesale or retail at Manufacturers' bottom rates. GEO. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct3

FILES.......FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

to sharpen up and get ready for business! I have on hand

1000 Dozen Files

and am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St. jan1

Eaton Family School for Boys,

AT NORRIDGEWOCK, MAINE.

(Established 1856.)

Offers unequalled advantages for educating boys for business. For information, address H. F. EATON, Principal. aug28 tf

1877

Washing Soap.

TRY IT. 'TIS GOOD. G. B. ROBINSON, Norombega Market. oct16

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. oct26 3m*

M. SCHWARTZ,

143 Exchange St.,

SAW MANUFACTURER

AND MACHINIST,

Is prepared to supply all in want of the very best warranted Saws, Machinery, Belting, Emery Wheels, &c., at the lowest prices.

The only saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair saws at short notice and in the most thorough manner. July27

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 76 State st., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Secures Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents."

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. EDMUND BURKE, late Commissioner of Patents."

BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: you procured for me, in 1840, my first patent. Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business, in your line, and advise others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1877. S&W ly

FURNITURE

FURNITURE.

THE PLACE TO GET

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

Furniture of all Kinds

—IS AT—

G. W. MERRILL & CO.'S,

At their New Ware Rooms,

Pickering Block, Main St.

aug7 d&w

Flour for Winter.

Now is your time to buy your flour, for winter. We are selling from $7.50 to $9.00 per Barrel. Look at our flour before you buy elsewhere.

PORTER NEALEY,

25 and 26 West Market Square, Bangor. oct23 d&w

PEAVEY AXES.

C. A. PEAVEY. J. H. PEAVEY.

A large lot of best

PEAVEY HAND-MADE AXES,

now on hand, made of the best Jessop Steel and Norway Iron and

EVERY ONE WARRANTED

and at Low Prices. Also Old Axes upset and new steeled and ground at reduced prices.

Bangor Edge Tool Co.,

cr. French and Washington Sts., Bangor. oct15

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

CONNERS BROTHERS

—AT—

No. 11 Main Street,

HAVE OPENED A

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

which is thoroughly stocked with a large and complete line of fresh new goods of every pattern and style, made in the best factories in New England. We devote our whole attention to

BOOTS AND SHOES AND RUBBERS,

and to no other goods, and we know that we can meet every taste and fancy of ladies and gentlemen.

We give special attention to fitting Misses and Children.

We shall sell at prices suited to the stringency of the times, and invite all our friends to call and examine our stock.

CONNERS BROTHERS,

No. 11 Main St., West Side.

EDWARD CONNERS. JOHN CONNERS. aug31

BEFORE INVESTING

much money in the Gold, Silver and Nickel Plating business, call and see THOS. HANOVER, Opp. City Hall, Columbia St. nov15 1m

RECENT RECEIPTS

At J. Waterman's Boss Clothing House.

Overcoats and Ulsters for Boys, age 5 to 15.
Overcoats and Ulsters for young Men, age 15 to 20.
Overcoats and Ulsters for the smallest or the largest Man.
Seventy-two different styles in Overcoats and Ulsters, ranging in prices from $2.50 to $18.00, acknowledged by all the best styles and makes in the State and equal to custom made.
On Reefing Jackets we beat the world, from $2.75 up.
We have a very extensive line of Boy's Suits, all grades.
In Men's Fall and Winter Suits Worsted Coats and Vest, we can show the best line in the market.

Remember that I guarantee to sell equal quality and better made goods at 15 to 20 per cent. less than any other house in the State. Call and be convinced at

J. WATERMAN'S,

77 Exchange Street, Bangor.

(SIGN OF THE DRESSED MAN.) d&w3m nov1

JUST OVER WAY, LADIES.

The finest Beavers for Cloaks in the City.

An Elegant Black Silk Dress for $25, no shoddy stuff.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

$17 BLANKETS FOR $10.

20 pieces yard wide Shaker Flannels very Cheap. Gilbert's Flannels. Nubias, Jackets, Leggings and Scarfs.

Readfield Cassimeres.

AT 32 MAIN STREET.

JOSEPH F. SNOW.

Bangor, Nov. 23, 1877. 1m

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

29 CENTRAL STREET.

July12

IT IS NOT YOUR EARNINGS,

But your Savings, that make you rich. If you would save a penny, and at the same time get anything you want in the MEAT, GAME or VEGETABLE line, of the best quality, call at

"THE PEOPLE'S MARKET,"

8 Harlow Street,

nov14 Where everything is new and fresh, and sold as cheap as the cheapest.

DeWITT HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.

The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the traveling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park streets, nearly opposite City Hall, bug and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.

ROYAL QUIMBY, EBEN MURCH, } Proprietors.

nov27

GLOBE HOTEL.

This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Harriman House, furnished new throughout with modern improvements, Sample Rooms on first floor, Bath Room, Water Closets, Billiard Room Finger's Annunciator, etc. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coaches to and from the House.

TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.

J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

Bangor, July 31, 1877

Let Your Gaze Linger

ON THIS FOR A MOMENT

You can get any article of Jewelry you wish made or repaired in a nice manner, at 36 Hammond Street, opposite the Court House, better than it can be done at any other establishment in the State. This is not idle talk but a fact.

AND I WILL ASK all who may favor me with their patronage. Engraving a specialty. EBEN STEVENS. oct27

PATENT PROCESS

Sleigh and Sled Shoe STEEL. HARD and TOUGH—the best made.

Skates, Sleds, &c. &c.

HAYNES, PILLSBURY & CO.,

132 & 136 Exchange St.,

nov24 BANGOR.

LOOK IN AND ENQUIRE THE PRICE

—OF—

FLOUR.

We are selling it very low at

MAYO & APPLETON'S,

oct6 20 CENTRAL ST.

Furnace for Sale.

A No. 3 Walker Furnace, as good as new, for sale at a bargain. Inquire of H. A. HOLDEN, Custom House. sep12

Before Purchasing

A nice SLEIGH or PUNG, call and see those nice sleighs at

B. N. THOMS' CARRIAGE SHOP,

Harlow Street,

who will give you prices that will ensure a sale. Also a few Second Hand Sleighs and Pungs cheap for cash.

B. N. THOMS.

nov20 3w

CRACKERS.

Having completed arrangements we are now prepared to furnish Crackers of our own manufacture by the pound or barrel, equal in quality to any in New England. Call and examine the lightest Cracker made in the State of Maine.

OUR BOSTON BUTTERS & SODAS,

equal to the best, at 12 cents a pound, retail.

OUR OYSTER CRACKERS

are pronounced equal to the very best. Get them fresh at the

BOSTON BAKERY.

Patronize home industry and keep your young men from "going West."

WEDDING CAKE baked and ornamented in first class style at the BOSTON BAKERY.

JACQUES & CHURCH,

nov7 Proprietors.

HEADQUARTERS for GOLD

Just received. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. Gold Jewelry made to order. Engraving a specialty.

DANIEL WHITE,

nov14 No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

HORSES CLIPPED

In the best manner, at short notice, by

C. W. CROCKETT,

Columbia Street, next Stable to Harlington's

Price only $2.00.

nov7 3w

THANKSGIVING GOODS.

To commence with we have some of the best Cider in this town, made from selected fruit, Clear Apple Sauce, New York Apples, New Figs, Nuts, Malaga Grapes, Citron, French Prunes, Raisins of all kinds, Evaporated Peaches, Olives, Lemons, Salad Oil, Boston Celery, Dutch, St. Bon, Neufchatel and Cream Cheese, Canned goods of every description, English and American Pickles, and Preserves,

and everything else you will want for the occasion

THOMPSON & KELLOGG.

23 and 24 Central Street. nov24

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

O. M. BROWN

Has just opened a large Stock of NEW GOODS at prices that customers will be sure to buy.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

One case All Wool Filling Dress Goods, at 15 cts, worth 25
One case All Wool Filling Basket Cloth, all new colors at 25 cts, worth 35
2000 yards Dark Prints, at 5 cts, worth 8
Good yard wide Brown Cottons, 6 cts., worth 7
One case White Marseilles Quilts, splendid patterns, at $3.00, worth $5.00
A large lot of American Quilts for 75 cts., worth $1.25, also for 1.25, worth 1.50
Remnants of Flannels at 17 cts., worth 25
Remnants of Cotton Flannels, 10 cts., worth 15
Remnants Brown Cotton, 5 cts.
Remnants Bleached Cotton, 5 cts., worth 10
Remnants Bleached Cottons, 10 cts., worth 12
All Linen Damask for 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50 cts. per yard—cheaper than ever seen in Bangor.
Remember, I am selling a Pure German Turkey Red Damask for 75 cts. per yard.
A full line of Checked and Twilled Flannels at extremely low prices.
A large line of Woolens for Men's and Boys' wear, from 50 cts., to $1.25.
Tickings from 12½ cts. up.
In small Wares, all customers say no one is selling as low.
Best Machine Thread for 5 cts
Handkerchiefs, two for five cts., also at 4, 6, 10, 14 up to $1.25 each.
One case of Corsets for 50 cts., well worth 65
A nice Silk Tie for 25 cts
Gents' Shirts and Drawers, 25, 35, 50 cts
One case Ladies' Under Vests at 50 cts., that are cheap at 75.
Children's Underwear from 25 cts. to 50, all sizes.
A large line of Ladies' Woolen Hose for 25 cts., worth 42
Children's and Misses' Hose from 12½ cts. to 25, that are cheap.
Towels, one yard long and one-half yard wide, for 10 cts. each.
Linen Napkins cheap.
A full line of Worsted Fringes in the new styles.
Come and see the piles and piles of Goods that I have not room to give prices on, such as all Linen Crash at 5 cents per yard.

O. M. BROWN

No. 15 West Market Square.

oct1

BOOK-BINDING

Executed with neatness and dispatch at lowest possible prices.

Books bound to MATCH FORMER VOLUMES.

PAPER Ruled to Pattern.

ACCOUNT BOOKS made to order, of best materials, warranted to give satisfaction in every respect, at reduced prices, by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

aug6 d&wtf

Real Estate.

For Rent.

Store No. 33 Hatch Block, Main St. FRED A. HATCH. nov27

For Rent.

A small tenement six dollars a month. Enquire at 33 Pine Street. nov20

For Rent.

HOUSES on favorable terms. GEO. A. THATCHER. nov24 tf

For Rent.

A good and convenient tenement supplied with gas and Holly water, No. 11 Garland st. Also, No. 46 Washington Street, with Stable. The above premises to be rented very low. Inquire of M. LINCOLN, 44 Exchange st. nov22

Houses for Rent.

Two very desirable Houses in good order, with Holly water,—one in Essex St., other on Elm St., with good stable attached, for rent on reasonable terms by GEO. W. LADD, Pickering Block. nov20 4w

For Rent.

Two tenements in good repair on Pine st. Apply to MRS. SUSAN J. LEIGHTON, 95 Pine street. nov10

For Rent.

Northerly tenement in House No. 32 Essex Street. This tenement is very desirable, centrally located, and is now being thoroughly repaired, painted and papered. Holly water. Now stable attached. Will be ready for occupancy Dec 1st.

Apply to SCOTT DUNBAR, 47 State Street, or J. P. ROBINSON, No. 2 Birch Street. nov12

For Rent.

Tenement No. 45 Fourth Street. Inquire of J. R. HOLT, at Merchants Nat'l Bank. oct14

For Rent.

House on Birch Street. Enquire of C. H. & H. ROLLINS. oct23 tf

TO LET.

The third story of the new store in Harlow's Block, front, & E. M. Square and Kenduskeag Bridge, one of the most central and best lighted for a hall, recently renovated, will be let entire for Hall, or partitioned for offices or shops. Apply to C. HARLOW, or, RAMSDELL & NEAL.

For Rent,

House corner High and Clinton Sts. Inquire of S. A. FELLOWS. oct1

For Sale or Rent.

Brick House 109 Court Street. Eleven good rooms newly papered and painted, with stable, and Garden which fronts the street and is a good building lot.

If not sold soon will be rented. Apply to JOHN PAYNE. apr16 tf

A $3000 INVESTMENT

IN MILLS & FARM.

Two hours ride from the city which will insure $600 permanent net income per annum, is now open at CHAMBERLAIN'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE, Hammond street, where enquiry will be answered. may22 d&wtf

The Finest Assortment

OF LADIES' AND GENTS'

NEW YORK

Club and Strap

SKATES

To be found in the city.

RICE & SKINNER,

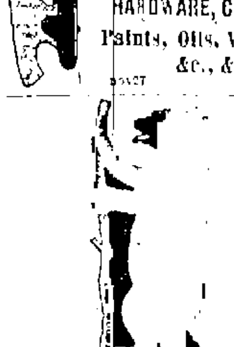
Successors to E. H. FOGG,

Jobbers and Retailers,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Windows, &c., &c.

nov27 d&w 2



IN MIND

THAT

M. MEHESEY,

50 Main St.,

IS

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

FURS!

Fur Sacques,
Fur Muffs,
Fur Collars,
Fur Caps,
Fur Gloves,
Fur Capes,
Fur Robes,
Fur Boots,
Fur Coats,
Fur Boas,
Fur Trimmings.

ALL KINDS, OF REPAIRING!

Raw Fur Bought and Sold!

nov23 d&w 3m17

RAMSDELL & NEAL

Gunsmiths,

Corner of Kenduskeag Bridge and Harlow street, Bangor,

have a good line of SPORTING GOODS on hand. Double and Single Guns, Breech-loading Guns, Breech-loading Rifles, Tools for loading Shells, Powder, Shot, Caps, Wads, Powder flasks, Shot Pouches, Shell Bags, Game Bags, Steel Traps, Fishing Tackle, Dog Collars, Snow Shoes, Moccasins, Pocket Cutlery, Pocket Compasses, Skates and Sleds. Revolvers and Cartridges at a low price. Keys fitted. Highest prices paid for Fur Skins.

nov18 d&w 2m

A. F. CHASE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

oct10 *NO. 6, MAIN STREET.*

A CHAPTER

ON

Furniture Repairing.

Sec. 1. It can be done.
Sec. 2. It needs to be done.
Sec. 3. It pays to do it.
Sec. 4. It is a trade which it takes years to learn.

CONCLUSION. If you want health, comfort, peace of mind, and quiet slumber, have your Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, &c., newly upholstered by

HENRY S. BROWN.

apr30 eod

CATARRH

Of Ten Years' Duration. The Discharges Thick, Bloody, and of Foul Odor. Senses of Smell and Taste Wholly Gone. Entirely Cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen—I feel compelled to acknowledge to you the great benefit SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE has been to me. For ten years I have been afflicted with this loathsome disease, and especially in the winter time has it been most severe. The discharge has been thick and bloody, emitting a foul odor so bad that my presence in a room with others was very offensive to them. One week after commencing the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE I was not troubled with it at all. My senses of taste and smell, which were wholly gone, have now fully returned, and my general health is greatly improved. Yours, MELBOURNE H. FORD, Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 5, 1876.

LATER.

Gentlemen: The package of SANFORD'S CURE arrived here to-day all right. I don't know what I should have done if it had not been for this remedy. I have tried Nasal Douche and everything else, and although I have been able to stop the offensive discharge, I have not been able to recover my senses of taste and smell till I tried SANFORD'S CURE. You can refer any one you choose to me, for I will cheerfully inform them in the benefit it has been to me. Yours, MELBOURNE H. FORD, Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 15, 1876.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

not only promptly arrests the corroding discharges in Catarrh, but, by sympathetic action, it restores to sound health all the organs of the head that have become affected by it, and exhibits any of the following affections:

Defective Eyesight, Inflamed and Mattery Eyes, Painful and Watery Eyes, Loss of Hearing, Earache, Neuralgia of the Ear, Discharges from the Ear, Ringing Noises in the Head, Dizziness, Nervous Headache, Pains in the Temples, Loss of the Senses of Taste and Smell, Elongation of the Uvula, Inflammation of the Tonsils, Putrid Sore Throat, Tickling or Hacking Cough, Bronchitis, and Bleeding of the Lungs.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube with full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

AN Electro Galvanic Battery, combined with the highly Medicated Plaster, forming the best Plaster for pains and aches in the world of medicine.

Price, 25 Cents.

Be sure to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, lest you get some worthless imitation. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

WAS&w

BUZZELL & SHAW

Are now prepared to show you the largest and best stock of

BOOTS & SHOES & OVERSHOES,

to be found in this city, and at the very LOWEST PRICES.

Our lines of Ladies' and Misses' BUTTON AND SIDE LACE include every kind

From a Very Light French Kid Dress to a Heavy English Walking Boot.

We are the Agents for the celebrated

BRISTOL BOOTS

OF NEW YORK

These Goods are made on the McCOMBER PATENT LAST, and are acknowledged to be the BEST, MOST COMFORTABLE, and HANDSOMEST boots in the market.

We have a splendid variety of WARM BOOTS and SLIPPERS for Men, Women and Children. Also, the best assortment of MEN'S SLIPPERS, in Goat, Embroidered Broadcloth and Velvet.

Gloves and Mittens,

lined and unlined, with or without Fur Wrists. New and desirable styles of SILK KERCHIEFS for the neck or pocket, cheap.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!! FURS!!!

FUR TRIMMING!

Don't buy until you have examined our stock

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, &c.

BUZZELL & SHAW,

20 MAIN STREET.

Bangor, Nov. 23, 1877.

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

AGENT FOR

Ingersoll Steam Drill Company

AND

Laflin & Rand Powder Co.

Friction Batteries, Insulating and Connecting Wires, Primers and Exploders of all kinds, Powder, Rendrock, and Dualin, Cotton, Single Taped, Double Taped and Gutta Percha Fuse, constantly on hand.

Front, May and Pleasant Streets,

BANGOR, MAINE.

aug28

APPLES.

You can find a choice lot of New York Apples at

28 Central Street.

FRED T. HALL & CO.

nov21

HOWARD

Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED 1825.

SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, President.
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice President.

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire.

FOR POLICIES APPLY TO

LOCAL AGENT.

WIGGIN & CHAMPLIN, Agents,

BANGOR, ME.

mar10 d3m

AUBURN FOUNDRY COMPANY,

IRON FOUNDERS AND

NICKEL PLATERS,

(Licensed by the United Nickel Co., of New York,)

AUBURN, MAINE.

All Orders will have Prompt Attention.

jan6 WAS&wly

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly, 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half square, one time	75
For half square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	50

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$1.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two thirds price, *two times a week*, one half price, *one time a week*, one third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

A SCATHING SPEECH.

SENATOR CONKLING'S ARRAIGNMENT OF THE DEMOCRATS.

In the Senate on Friday night, while the Democrats, who had been struggling for nearly a week to force Butler into the Senate without any inquiry whatever, were demanding that the Kellogg case, already examined and reported, should be sent back for more investigation, Senator Conkling took the floor and administered the masterly rebuke reported are the following extracts from the *Congressional Record*:

Mr. Conkling. Mr. President, while the honorable Senator is looking for that, I should like to ask a question, if I do not interrupt him.

Mr. Wadleigh. Certainly. I do not propose to look it up now, but I will hear the question.

Mr. Conkling. I should like to know whether the refusal of the committee to stop the wheels of procedure while they should send to Louisiana for witnesses to inquire whether somebody had made an irregular complaint, was before or after the high sounding declaration with which the Chamber rang a few days ago, when the committee was arraigned, because it had not sooner made report in the Kellogg case? The days were then counted up while the subject had been before the committee, and some months of interval when there was no committee were counted also, and the vacation was put in to swell the volume of time during which the members of the committee had neglected their duties and came short in that diligence and prompt devotion of attention demanded by the urgent importance of the case, aggravated as was said by the fact that a sovereign State had been kept without a representative on this floor, and so on. I should like to know whether this tendency to halt and go foraging after the evidence, now complained of, took place in the committee before or after the indictment or arraignment of the committee in the hearing of the Senate and of the country?

Mr. Hill. Will the Senator from New Hampshire allow me?

Mr. Conkling. I am addressing my question to the Senator from New Hampshire, Mr. President.

Mr. Wadleigh. I will state in answer to my friend the Senator from New York—

Mr. Hill. I should like to be allowed the privilege of answering that question.

Mr. Wadleigh. That the decision of the committee to close the case, to act upon it finally, to which so much objection was made in the committee, was after all this complaint that the committee were delaying the case.

Mr. Conkling. After these statements in the Senate?

Mr. Wadleigh. Yes.

Mr. McDonald. I should like to ask my friend from New Hampshire if any complaints have been made in the Senate or elsewhere in regard to their want of diligence in going forward with the Kellogg-Spofford case, if so, who has made them, from what quarter have they come?

Mr. Wadleigh. I think that the record will bear me out in the statement that it was proposed to discharge the committee from the consideration of this case on the ground that it was not necessary to take any testimony whatever.

Mr. McDonald. By whom? By the Senator from Vermont? [Mr. Edmunds.]

Mr. Wadleigh. It was alleged in the beginning that this was so simple a case, so plain a case, so obvious a case on the right of Mr. Spofford to have a seat in this Chamber, that it was not even necessary to send it to any committee at all.

Mr. Conkling. May I interrupt again?

Mr. Wadleigh. Certainly.

Mr. Conkling. I feel moved to do so because of my having put the Senator from New Hampshire in a position now challenged as to its truthfulness. In consequence of my question he has alleged that it was charged in the Senate that the committee had been in some degree derelict in the Kellogg-Spofford case, and that the action of that committee touching that case was criticised. Let us relieve the Senator from New Hampshire and his recollection from all responsibility in that regard. I make the assertion myself that it was denied that time was needed by the committee, and further that it was charged that the committee had been dilatory in regard to the case. I affirm that a Democratic Senator—more than one—arraigned the Committee of Privileges and Elections because of its delay, counted up the days that elapsed at the last session of the Senate, counted up the interval of the vacation although the committee was then out of existence, and charged upon it tardiness and short-coming.

I say further that a Democratic Senator insisted that the credentials of Spofford and Kellogg should not be referred to the committee at all, and so insisted upon the allegation that no further investigation of the facts was necessary and that the needed facts were all known and fixed. The honorable Senator from Illinois not now in his seat [Mr. Davis] grounded, as declared in a remark he made to the Senate, his vote against a reference of that case and his vote in favor of a reference of the Eustis case upon the supposed distinction that in the Spofford-Kellogg case no investigation in committee was necessary, but that in the Eustis case the confusion of papers, termed credentials, was such that an investigation should occur.

I charge further, borrowing a word somewhat novel in the discussions of the Senate, and which I will withdraw—I allege further that it was said by a Senator on the other side that this case was just as clear without investigation or evidence as if Kellogg had died and the Senate had gone to his funeral; that events, events which the world knew, events of which the Senate would and must take judicial notice, determined absolutely beyond peradventure or inquiry the right of Spofford to take his seat; and I hold up the record to prove that my recollection is not at fault.

I call attention, the attention of the Senate—who heard yesterday a declaration of what "the country shall know"—had I commandment of what "the country shall know," as some members of the Senate seem to suppose they have, I would call the attention of the country also, to the fact that Senators of the same party which recently waked the echoes with the din of accusation that the Committee on Privileges and Elections had procrastinated and delayed, and that too in a case wherein not the slightest reason existed to call a witness or to prove a fact or conduct an investigation, now, when the case is presented by a report, and when the Senate waits to be counted on the question whether one or the other of the contestants is entitled to be seated, clamor for delay, cry out for procrastination, and maneuver for time, by insisting that instead of the truth being as heretofore asserted by them and in their behalf, the Committee on Privileges and Elections should become a police-court and go to the Gulf of Mexico for witnesses to ascertain the truth of allegations of fraud aimed at one of the contestants. And, curiously enough, the motion is most vehemently supported by the same Senator who, on a memorable and recent night, was heard declaiming to the Senate about the immateriality, the impertinence, the outlandishness and wrong of an inquiry whether a claimant of a seat in the Senate had or had not been privy to murder.

Mr. Wadleigh. To secure his election.

Mr. Conkling. And, as alleged, for the purpose of influencing his election. If I mistake not, I heard same indignation expressed that a gentleman, a gentleman of such consequence as to be thought of in a sovereign State in connection with the Senate of the United States, should be arraigned upon a question whether in truth he came here with his hands and face dripping with the blood of murder!

Mr. President, I had no purpose of entering this debate at this moment, but my credulity well-nigh refused to respond to the draft made upon it when I heard, not one Democratic Senator but more than one rise, almost before the echoes of their counter-arguments had died away, to complain that the Committee on Privileges and Elections had not longer delayed, had not investigated, had not sent to a remote section of the country for evidence bearing only on a point which on the occasion just referred to was ridiculed as utterly foreign, impertinently remote from the duty of the Senate, and often low to justice and right.

Before I sit down, if my friend will pardon me one moment farther, I will notice a remark which but now fell from the honorable Senator from Indiana. Complaint was not made, said he, of delay in the Kellogg-Spofford case. Complaint was made there, in his understanding, of delay in cases coming after the Kellogg-Spofford case. Was that indeed the complaint? Complaint then was made first that the committee had not concluded the Kellogg-Spofford case and second, that it has not acted in season to go to other cases to come after and to conclude them also! Too complaint was so great as that, was the So much the more grating is the inconsistency witnessed now.

Mr. McDonald. No, sir, the assumption of the Senator from New York that the other cases are after this is not borne out by the record. They stood before it so far as this Senate is concerned.

Mr. Conkling. No, Mr. President, the record of the Senate does not touch the standing order of the cases in the committee. My statement is borne out in the only way possible—it is borne out by the fact—borne out by the undoubted fact that the committee had taken up as it had a right to do the Kellogg-Spofford case first, and that the other cases were after coming, not by the record of the Senate, for the record of the Senate does not in any way determine the order of proceeding in the committee one way or the other. The conclusive fact is that the committee took the Kellogg case into consideration first, and therefore the other cases must come after that case. And now we are invited to remember that the complaint was not only that the Kellogg-Spofford case had not been put out of the way but that it had not been put out of the way soon enough to take up and conclude the other cases also.

Now when another and later case has been by main force sent, already and unprepared, from the committee, now when the power of numbers has been resorted to to wrest and set the rules and proceedings of the Senate in order that summarily a later case may be brought here without report and without consideration; now when the committee mo unable has come in with a report in the Louisiana case, now when the minority majority of the Senate is ready to act upon that case in denial of the whole argument and contention of the other side in refutation of all the complaints and accusations made against the committee and of the nature of the case itself as heretofore asserted, Senators rise to insist that the Kellogg case, the first case taken up by the committee, the case which blocks all the others, which occupied the committee until it was disposed of, has been reported prematurely, and that it should have been kept back in the committee while process went from the Capitol to the Gulf to bring witnesses to testify in respect of the personal conduct, the deportment, the individual proceedings of one of the contestants touching matters to which fraud is the harshest name applied! Fraud is bad enough but it is not the highest of crimes known to the law.

Sir, I do not assert that "the fitness of things" is noticeably violated by this latest phase of the affair. I think it would be difficult, if I may be pardoned for frankness, to do anything possible under the rules of the Senate, or under any construction into which they can be tortured, which would appear very ill in the most of recent proceedings. Such expedients of inconsistency and contradiction become nearly invisible in the midst of surrounding and eclipsing events. If they stood alone almost anywhere, in any forum in any legislative body, and especially in the Senate of the United States, it seems to me that not only the actors but the people behind and before and beyond the Senate would notice with deep concern the checkered spectacle presented.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin

A little daughter of Geo. Wing, of Livermore, was shockingly burned a few days since by her clothes taking fire from an open fire-place.

A young man of Lewiston had $35,000 "fall to him" the other day, but he keeps pegging away at his trade just as though nothing had happened.

Cumberland

Bowdoin College catalogue for '77-'78, shows a total of 121 students in the college proper. The senior class numbers 17, the junior 25, the sophomore 28, and the freshmen 53. The total number of volumes in the various libraries connected with the college is 34,095. The summer school of science which was established in 1876 for the purpose of giving the teachers, graduates of colleges and others of both sexes, a practical acquaintance with science, had its full quota of students and has thus far been a decided success.

Kennebec.

C. M. Bailey of Winthrop, distributed to his men at his various shops, at Winthrop village, Baileyville, East Readfield and Skowhegan, turkeys for Thanksgiving, which will cost him from $150 to $200.

Knox

A wild cat was killed in South Thomaston last week.

The owners of the schooner Joseph Farwell and the representative of the government which owns the cargo have made a contract with parties to raise the vessel, paying therefor 35 per cent of the value of the vessel and cargo.

Lincoln

A lodge of Odd Fellows was instituted at Waldoboro Thursday evening of last week.

Oxford

Moses Stanley of Porter, and William P. Eaton of Brownfield, traded horses unconditionally. Eaton warranted his horse sound, and if he left a certain amount of boot money at a certain place by a certain time the trade was to become absolute. But the Eaton horse proved unsound, and Stanley, upon Eaton's refusal to trade back, replevined his former beast and took him away. Then Eaton recaptured the horse, and endeavored to get out of the State, but Stanley had him arrested on a charge of stealing his horse, and at the trial Saturday Eaton was bound over to appear before the grand jury at the March term at Paris.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 5, 1877.

OPINIONS OF THE MESSAGE.

Our despatches from New York show the significant fact that of the five leading journals of the metropolis, of all shades of politics, only one regards the President's Message with favor, and that one the Democratic *World*. The *Times* sarcastically refers to the President's statements about his Southern policy "from his point of view," his reticence as to details and the "somewhat remarkable indifference to facts on which he bases his claim to success." It is pleased that his position on the finance question is more favorable than it feared, but it notes that he says nothing on the important and imminent issue of subsidies, concerning which his attitude has been called in question and is still left in doubt. The *Tribune* regards the "policy" portion as an "indirect apology," and with grim satire applauds his "vehement assurance that he will do all he can to maintain the rights of the colored people." It commends his financial position, but has a laugh at him for the reiteration of the civil service reform dogmas, "which he has so often allowed his secretaries to violate." The *Herald* commends his regard for the public credit, says his Southern policy argument "sounds like an apology," and that on the civil service question he makes "a retreat which is not a masterly one." The *Sun*, of course, pitches into the Message indiscriminately in pursuance of its crusade against the Presidential title. The *World* alone warmly indorses both the Southern policy and financial features of the Message. This certainly constitutes a remarkable and significant reception for the first Message of a Republican President.

The treatment of the Message by the thick-and-thin policy papers of Boston is thoroughly characteristic of their flunkeyism and inconsistency. The *Journal* devotes a column to a review in which every utterance of the President is gushingly eulogized, without a word of criticism or any intimation of the possibility that a document emanating from the White House could contain anything but the most exalted statesmanship. It "goes the whole figure" in its indorsement, saying:

"The President's treatment of his Southern policy is as *frank and direct as possible*, without the slightest trace of personal feeling or of *any desire to put a better face upon the matter than the facts*, open to the inspection of the country, *appear to justify*."

It goes on to say:

"One of the objects for which he was elected was *to strengthen the Constitutional Amendments* by measures calculated to end the strife of races at the South and promote harmony between the sections."

Then it says "he found that his first Constitutional step" must be the withdrawal of all National protection from State Governments at the South, and in view of the absolute nullification of the Constitutional Amendments which has succeeded it says:

He points to the immense improvement at the South in the peace and order of society and the promotion of prosperity, as [illegible] evidences of the success of the course pursued."

This is the *Journal's* glowing picture of the "success" of the policy with which a Republican President has undertaken to "conciliate" the Southern Democracy and strengthen the Constitutional Amendments" by taking into his confidence and counsel such disinterested patriots as Wade Hampton, John B. Gordon, Alexander H. Stephens and M. C. Butler. But on the very same editorial page the *Journal* executes a double back-somersault in an article in which the influence of these very pillars of the "conciliation policy" is denounced as "Advice to Be Distrusted!" Referring to two important Southern appointments made as essential *factors* in the "conciliation policy," the *Journal* says:

"The experience of the President in making appointments in the Southern States upon the recommendations of the present Southern leaders and Congressmen has not been of a nature to induce him to pursue that policy any further. As an experiment it has failed."

It goes on to show that Gordon and others imposed upon the President in the Georgia Marshalship case, by withdrawing their indorsement of a conservative Democrat because he was favored by some Republicans, and by procuring the nomination of an unreconstructed rebel, who would labor in the interests of the Democratic Solid South. Again it says:

The President's experience in respect to the appointment of a District Attorney in South Carolina on the recommendation of Wade Hampton, has not been such as will lead him to ask advice in that quarter again.

It says: "He asked Governor Hampton to name a Republican for that office;" that the man named was appointed, and that the first performance of that Republican U. S. District Attorney was to make a red-hot speech glorifying the Lost Cause, and complimenting his audience on the fact that their county was the last to submit to Federal tyranny. This man's name was sent to the Senate for confirmation, and the Boston papers were greatly exasperated because the Senate saw fit to seek other credentials than the recommendation of "Governor Hampton." Their inquiries brought out the facts, and instead of a frank withdrawal of the name, the *Journal* informs us that "the President has revoked" the appointment. On the whole the *Journal* concludes that

"While [the President] follows the suggestions of the present Southern Congressmen he is likely to appoint the most bitter of Democratic partisans."

And this is the sort of confirmation the *Journal* gives to its gushing assertion in an adjoining column, of the "success" of the "conciliation policy!"

The *Advertiser* is so humble in its admiration that it adopts the language of the President in describing the magnificent success of the policy and declares of the overthrow of popular government in the South:

The act has been followed by a salutary change in the disposition and conduct of the people of these States. All apprehensions of danger to public order and to *the rights of citizens have been dispelled, and a spirit of mutual forbearance and loyalty to* the Union prevails where formerly there had been suspicion, hostile conflict and disobedience to law.

The President ought not to complain of the modesty of that statement! The *Advertiser* is equally eulogistic of all parts of the Message, and especially commends the financial portions as "satisfactory to every creditor of the government at home and abroad, and to every advocate of honest money the world over." And then, with the stultification that is the most prominent feature of Boston Pharisee journalism, the *Advertiser* proceeds, in another editorial on the same page, to arraign the Secretary of the Treasury for the financial suggestions of his report, which is indorsed by the President and sets forth more in detail the "financial policy" of the Administration. After indorsing the President's general ties, it pitches into his Secretary who presents the President's specific suggestions and declares:

If Mr. Sherman's suggestion should be acted upon *we should stake everything upon the chance* that he has not over-estimated the quantity of Government paper money that can be kept afloat at par. Surely we do not want to do that.

Of the President the *Advertiser* says in one editorial:

The position he takes on the silver question is likewise thoroughly sound and satisfactory.

And on the same page it attacks the Secretary of the Treasury for commending the President's remonetization views, in such words as these:

We pass on to the silver scheme of the Secretary, concerning which it may be said that, while its adoption would work, possibly no great injury, it would do good to nobody. * * * When it comes to a question between the receipt of a gold or a silver dollar, there is not a man in the country who will choose the latter. Morover, the scheme is an experiment which there is no occasion to make. * * * Introduce no changes in the money standard. It will be time to establish a maximum of paper money when we have found what amount is a safe amount. We can remonetize silver when we have put an end to the fluctuations in our present legal standard.

The above extracts will serve to show the wabbling and floundering of the two leading "policy organs" of Boston. We have not yet taken the trouble to look at the *Globe*, as its opinions are of no consequence to anybody. The *Traveller* is not a policy organ and it dissects the Presidential sophistries with a firm hand and a keen scalpel. From what we have given our readers may judge of the extent and value of the "indorsement" obtained by the President's Message in the national metropolis and in the New England emporium where the Golden Calf of "policy" has been set up in the market place.

FITZSIMMONS CONFIRMED

CONOVER, PATTERSON AND STANLEY MATTHEWS VOTE WITH THE DEMOCRATS TO MAKE WADE HAMPTON'S NEPHEW U. S. MARSHAL OF GEORGIA

[Special Despatch to N. Y. Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3. The case of Mr. Fitzsimmons, nominated to be United States Marshal for Georgia, and now confirmed, is not a new one. He is an ex-Confederate soldier and a Democrat, who does not deny his politics and makes no pretension to being anything else. He was appointed at the request of Hon. Alex H. Stephens and Senator Gordon, who drove to the white House several weeks ago to see the President about it. Mr. Stephens being too ill at that time to go in, the President walked out to the carriage and had a conversation with the two gentlemen. The result was the appointment of Fitzsimmons to the Marshalship. A man named Huff, who has been a Conservative Democrat, was strongly recommended, and even the Republicans said they would be satisfied with his appointment.

The nomination was for some time before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, but it was last week reported back to the Senate unfavorably. It was placed on the calendar, and for several executive sessions it has been the cause of adjournment, as both parties seemed unwilling to bring on a vote. The President was himself disinclined to interfere. He was besought to withdraw the nomination, but he declined, saying that if it was an improper one the Senate would doubtless reject it. He had no feeling about the matter one way or another, and was disposed to let the Senate take its own course.

Yesterday, when the secret session was called, Mr Fitzsimmons' name stood at the head of the calendar. In order to reach the hundred or more nominations below it, it was decided to dispose of the case at once.

Senator Gordon first spoke on the question of the confirmation. He said he knew the nominee and could vouch for his standing among his people; he was not a Republican, but he was a good man, and would make a good officer. The Senator called the attention of the Republican side to the fact that there were few Republicans in Georgia, and that he thought in this free Government an officer should represent the people. Mr. Fitzsimmons, he said, would certainly be satisfactory to the people of Georgia.

Senator Conkling followed in a long speech. He did not attack the President, but he spoke very earnestly in behalf of the Republican party. His speech was dignified toward the President, but severe on the southern policy and on Senator Gordon. He repelled the idea of Senator Gordon that a Republican President could not find in a State that gave him 80,000 Republican votes one man among these 80,000 fit to hold the office of Marshal. "Where," he asked, in his striking tone and manner, "Where is Joshua Hill, who once had a seat in this chamber? Where is Amos T. Akerman, once Attorney-General of the United States? Where is James A. Longstreet, the bravest of Confederate Generals, who at the close of the war, joined the Republican party, as the party of loyalty and honesty?" He said that Senators on the other side of the chamber might pretend to the President and to the Senate that such appointments as that of Mr. Fitzsimmons were for the good of the country, and they might delude the President into such belief; but Republicans ought not to be deceived; such appointments were not for the good of the country, but for the good of the Democratic party.

Senator Edmunds followed Mr. Conkling in much the same strain.

Then Mr. Hoar took the floor. His speech was very friendly to the President. He said he approved Mr. Hayes' Southern policy, but in the present case he doubted the wisdom of the President, and should vote against the confirmation of Mr. Fitzsimmons. He thought the President should have appointed Mr. Huff, who was recommended in the strongest terms by both parties.

The discussion lasted nearly three hours. Senators Gordon and Hill were the only Democrats who spoke. The vote on the confirmation was 23 for, and 19 against. Many Senators were paired and many were absent. Judge Davis voted with the Democrats. Only three Republicans voted in favor of the confirmation, namely, Messrs. MATTHEWS, PATTERSON and CONOVER.

[Special Despatch to N. Y. Times.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2. The result of the Executive session on Saturday in the confirmation of Fitzsimmons as United States Marshal for Georgia, was a great surprise to the Senate and nearly every one else. The Committee on the Judiciary reported him adversely, and his case was one which the Republicans had made a test in their caucuses. As soon as the doors were closed, on Saturday, several Senators asked that particular nominations in which they were interested, might be taken up, but objection was made, other Senators insisting that the order of the calendar should be observed. Several minor nominations were confirmed, and when Fitzsimmons' name was reached the report of the committee, recommending his rejection, was taken up, and Senator Conkling made quite a long speech in support of it. He reviewed the circumstances of the appointment as follows: A man named Huff, Mayor of Macon, Ga., was originally decided upon and was sustained by both Senators Gordon and Hill. The President made an effort to discover the sentiment of the Republicans in Georgia, and secure an expression of approval from them. Huff is a Liberal Democrat, and is very popular among the Republicans. When Gordon heard that the Republicans were supporting Huff he withdrew his recommendation, writing to the President that he had learned that Huff was not the man whom he supposed him to be, and that if the President intended to appoint a Democrat to office he wanted one whose Democracy was not questioned. Mr. Gordon also wrote a letter to Huff saying that he withdrew his recommendation because he understood that he intended to desert the Democratic Party and build up the Republican Party in Georgia. Mr. Conkling had copies of both these letters, and read them to the Senate, making extended comments. Mr. Gordon got excited, and made a fiery speech, defending his course, and rebuking Mr. Conkling for bringing his private correspondence into the Senate in such a way. Gordon said Huff was a deceiver; that he was a Democrat in Georgia and a Republican in Washington. Hill defended Gordon, and remarked that while he would have approved Huff's nomination, he did not think he was any better than Fitzsimmons. Hill attempted to show the necessity for appointing a Democratic Marshal in Georgia, on the ground that illicit distilling could not be suppressed by a Republican without a war between the parties. Senator Edmunds made one of his characteristic speeches, commenting on the fact, which Hill had admitted, that illicit distilling in Georgia was carried on only by Democrats, and made the same sarcastic illusions to Gordon, which provoked the latter into making another speech. Mr. Edmunds then replied, referring to the papers in the case which had been furnished the Committee on Judiciary by the Attorney General, and read the letter from Wade Hampton to the President alluding to the fact that Fitzsimmons was his [Hampton's] nephew. His comments on Hampton's letter, and his desire to foist his relatives upon a Republican Administration, are described as very witty, and at the same time severe. He argued that Fitzsimmons was not a fit man, because he did not believe in the constitutional amendments, and would not enforce them. Mr. Christiancy made a short speech, in which he said he had examined this case with great care, and while he did not object to the President nominating Democrats to office, provided they were good men, he did not think that Fitzsimmons was the proper person, and could not vote for his confirmation. Mr. Hoar spoke in about the same strain, saying that he would have voted to confirm Huff had he been nominated. He believed with Mr. Edmunds that Fitzsimmons' position on the constitutional amendments, and the legislation for their enforcement, made him unfit for so important an office. He thought the President had a right to nominate Democrats to office if he saw fit, but in this case he had undoubtedly acted under a misapprehension. The debate lasted over two hours. Messrs. Gordon and Hill were the only Democrats who spoke. At the conclusion of the debate the yeas and nays were called on the motion to adopt the report of the committee, and it was lost by a vote of 19 to 23, CONOVER, PATTERSON, and MATTHEWS voting with the Democrats. A motion to confirm Fitzsimmons was carried by the same vote, and the Senate adjourned till Monday.

THE PRESIDENT'S ALLIES.

THE DEMOCRATS, CONOVER, PATTERSON AND STANLEY MATTHEWS

[From the N. Y. Times.]

We are afraid that Senator HOAR, of Massachusetts, does not fully appreciate the demands of a policy of true reconciliation. When Mr. FITZSIMMONS' name was sent in by the President as Marshal of Georgia, it was found that he was a nephew of the omnipotent WADE HAMPTON, that he was a perfectly "reliable Democrat;" that there was not the slightest danger of his aiding in building up a Republican, or even a Hayes party in Georgia; that he was entirely acceptable to the illicit distillers, and finally, that he was not tainted with any respect for the constitutional amendments. Yet Mr. HOAR voted against him. He was willing to support Mr. HUFF, but Senator Gordon promptly reminded him that HUFF would not do, because though a Democrat in Georgia, he was a Republican in Washington. It must be a comfort to the President, however, to know that though Mr. HOAR deserted his candidate, the noble CONOVER, the immaculate PATTERSON and the incomparable STANLEY MATTHEWS—*primus inter pares*—stood by him.

It must be intensely gratifying to the ardent "policy" men in Massachusetts to observe that the first ripe fruit of "conciliation" is the admission, as the representative of South Carolina, in the Senate, of a man charged with leadership in a horrible massacre of colored American citizens, and who is the nephew and Senatorial successor of A. P. Butler whose controversy with Senator Sumner, when the latter denounced "The Crime Against Kansas" in 1856, culminated in the brutal assault upon the Massachusetts Senator by Senator A. P. Butler's other nephew and M. C. Butler's cousin, Preston S. Brooks. History is repeating itself in a way that must be highly appreciated in Massachusetts.

THE FISHERIES AWARD

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier:

The five and a half millions must be paid—there is no doubt about that; the honor of the United States is involved. But the country is not estopped from saying what it knows to be true, (and what it knows that the Dominion knows to be true) to wit: that it has been swindled. In many cases it is impossible to fix with certainty the just compensation; there are elements which can never be fully discounted, the *data* are uncertain and the best estimate can only be a shrewd guess. This was in some measure the case in the Alabama question. But in the matter of the fisheries there was no such margin for doubt. The quantities caught from year to year and the value of the fish, were of easy and unquestionable proof. Judged by any possible *data*, upon any intelligent and honest basis, the amount due from the United States could not have reached half a million of dollars. But an award of even this sum would upon all the facts, have been flagrantly unjust, for it is no venture to say that an honest and disinterested merchant cannot be found, who, upon examination of the facts, would say that the greater benefit did not accrue to the Provinces. Such, I happen to know, was one year ago the opinion of leading merchants in the Lower Provinces, and of prominent officials of Great Britain. There is not a fisherman in New Brunswick or Nova Scotia who would consent to have the treaty revoked and things placed as they were, although there should be no payment by the United States for fishing privileges.

I trust, that while voting to pay the award, our Senators and Representatives will thoroughly ventilate and expose its injustice. One thing at least can be done, and that is to give notice for the termination, at the earliest period allowed by the treaty, of this clause, leaving with Congress the right to impose a duty on all fish thereafter imported. In this way only can justice to our own fishermen be done. And let our Senators be cautioned to scan well the provisions of any (so-called) Reciprocity Treaty that may be presented in behalf of the Dominion, lest it prove as the last one did, to be simply a device for supplying us with the surplus products of Canada on terms that discriminate against our own farmers and producers. Under that treaty only Canadian surpluses were provided for. The United States received of Canada ten dollars to one—(if I remember aright the official figures showed even a greater disparity)—that Canada received of the United States; for the treaty covered wood, lumber, grains, etc., etc., of which Canada did not buy a dollar's worth. No treaty that is equitable, which gives as well as takes, which permits American surplus, our manufactures, etc., to be imported into Canada duty free, will ever receive the approval of Canada. No other should receive that of this country.

The people of Maine, at least, have not forgotten the Dutch award in their North-eastern boundary question. The arbitrator found the Highland via the bed of the St. John river. [illegible] What the Senate could do honorably it did speedily. It rejected the award, saying that the King of the Netherlands, to whom the reference had been made, had before the decision, become the King of Holland, only, and thus a dependent on Great Britain.

The award of the King was made 45 years ago, and it is not to be wondered at that our treaty makers had forgotten what came of leaving a suit to the decision of a dependency of England in 1832. If they had not, they would have guarded, I think, against such a contingency in 1876!

A. B. C.

The communication on the Fisheries Award which we print to-day, is from the pen of one of the most prominent citizens of Western Maine, who is thoroughly familiar with the history and bearings of our relations with the British Provinces.

Special Notices.

NOROMBEGA LODGE. *No. 5, K. of P.* Regular session this (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at Pythian Hall. FRANK H. TAYLOR, K. of R. and S. dec5

Bangor Council, No. 5, R. & S. M. STATED ASSEMBLY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 5th, at 7½ o'clock. Members are requested to be present. Per order J. BURBANK, Rec.

MUM SOCIABLE. The Women's Temperance Crusade will hold a Sociable at City Hall, THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th. Music by Rev. H. W. Bolton and family, and others. Single ticket 15 cents. Two for 25 cents. dec5

NOTICE. The Third Dance of the B. L. C. No. 1, will be held in Town Hall Brewer, WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5th, 1877. Tickets 50 cents. dec4 1t* Per Order.

INK! INK! The CELEBRATED IMPERIAL Writing Fluid and Copying Ink. Flows freely, copies perfectly. Warranted not to corrode or mold. Manufactured solely by the Northwestern Chemical Manufacturing Co., Chicago. For sale by M. H. ANDREWS, 8 Kenduskeag Bridge. dec4

TO THE TROPICS. Excursion to Havana & Vera Cruz. First class, out and return, $150 gold. Full particulars of W. E. BROWN, 21 Main Street, Bangor, Agent for Steamships to all parts of the World. dec4

MUSIC HALL. SOCIAL ASSEMBLY on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th. Music, Andrews' Orchestra. dec4

CARD. Messrs. SAMUEL S. SMITH & SON will receive orders for duplicates of the PORCELAINS, &c., lately on exhibition by us in this city, and furnish them at our lowest New York prices. A. A. VANTINE & CO. dec4

SECOND MATINEE. SECOND MATINEE in MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, Dec. 6th, at 4 P. M. dec3 M. H. ANDREWS.

AT W. B. BRIDGES' YOU CAN FIND The best Line of Worsted Jackets for Ladies' and Children's wear, all styles and sizes Cheap. A very nice Line Scarfs and Nubias, and the Nubia Mantle. Call in and see them. We have a very nice line of goods of all kinds, and we are selling them as low as the lowest, and cannot be got elsewhere cheaper. AT W. B. BRIDGES', 18 West Market Square. Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877.

Assessors' Notice. The Assessors will be in session every Saturday until further notice to attend to any business that may come before them. NEWELL BLAKE, S. C. HATCH, GEO. W. SNOW, Assessors. Bangor, Nov. 21, 1877.

CITY OF BANGOR SIX PER CENT. BONDS FOR SALE BY BOWLER AND MERRILL, BANKERS, No. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK. oct27

ONE DOLLAR A PAIR for a First Class Ladies' 2 Button Kid Glove, in desirable Dark shades and in Black. A limited quantity only! A Big Bargain! JACOB STERN & CO. dec3

MATHEMATICS! Pupils taken in Mathematics by C. D. JAMESON, Penobscot Exchange.

UNITY CLUB BAZAR, December 6th, 7th and 8th, AT UNITY HALL. The Bazar will be open Thursday, Friday and Saturday, from 2 to 10 o'clock P. M. The different departments consisting of the following: Evergreen, Fern and Flower Tables. Candy Tables, for the sale of home-made and other candies. Cook Book, arranged especially and containing the most approved receipts of many of the best housekeepers of the city. Post Office and Art Gallery. Fancy Goods Tables, for the sale of useful and ornamental articles suitable for the Holidays. A tree for the children. A restaurant will be open in the Art Rooms on Thursday and Friday, from 6 to 10 P. M. Admission, 10 cents. dec5

MUSIC HALL. The Second Term for Instruction in Dancing, will commence on Friday, Dec. 7th. Juveniles at 2 P. M. Ladies at [illegible] P. M. Gents at 9 P. M. As this will be the only Class for beginners during the winter, all wishing to learn should avail themselves of this opportunity. Private lessons daily. Hall open from 9 A. M. until 6 P. M. M. H. ANDREWS, Proprietor. J. A. COOPER, Assistant. dec1

CITY OF BANGOR BONDS FOR SALE AT EASTERN BANK BY EDWIN CLARK. Bangor, Oct. 17, 1877. oct18

MARINE INSURANCE. On HULLS, CARGOES and FREIGHTS, in the best Companies and at LOWEST RATES. PIERRE McCONVILLE, 20 Exchange St. nov27

TRIMMING VELVETS AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. The LARGEST STOCK in the city. Retailing from ONE DOLLAR to eight dollars a yard. I. W. COOMBS. nov27

Penobscot Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Notice is hereby given to the members of the Penobscot Mutual Fire Insurance Company, that at a legal meeting of the Directors of said Company, held at their office in Bangor on the twenty [illegible] of November, 1877, an assessment was [illegible] to be laid, and was laid on the Premium Notes, held by said Company, [illegible] in conformity with the laws of the State, and the Act of Incorporation of said Company and their By Laws, as follows, viz: On the Premium Notes dated after [illegible] 12th, 1874, 38 7-10 per cent. [further premium note assessments listed by date, illegible] Which by vote of the Directors is ordered to be paid on or before the twenty fourth day of December next. Per order, CHARLES P. WIGGIN, Treasurer. Bangor, Nov. 28th, 1877.

CARD. U. S. Centennial World's Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876. MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS have not only been awarded the Medal and Diploma of Honor, but have been unanimously assigned by the judges "the first rank in the several requisites of such instruments," being the only Organs assigned this rank. A good selection of their Organs may be seen by calling at the salesrooms of Messrs. BROWN & SAWTELLE, Main St., the only authorized agents for Bangor. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

GENTLEMEN in want of a nice OVERCOAT OR UNDER GARMENTS of superior quality very cheap, will do well by calling on J. E. CHAPMAN & CO.

Insurance. Call on PEARL & WEBB, No. 22, West Market Square. apr2

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL Life Insurance Company, Paid claims last year amounting to $2,601,246.35, and the total amount paid to widows and orphans since the organization, over 31 years ago, is $25,624,473.15. All who contemplate Insurance are most respectfully urged to examine the plans of this Company before insuring. H. N. FAIRBANKS, Gen'l Agt. 21 Main St., Bangor, Me. nov10

DR. LEMONT has removed to No. 7 Adams St., near York St. nov23

VOICE BUILDING AND ELOCUTION. MISS S. E. LAUGHTON, Graduate of the "National School of Elocution and Oratory," Philadelphia, will receive pupils in Voice Building and Elocution, at Lowder Block, 125 Hammond street, where arrangements may be made for lessons, either private or in classes. oct3

We have just received the greatest improvement in CLOTHES WRINGERS, **The "New Climax."** W. P. DICKEY & CO., HARDWARE DEALERS. June

BANGOR CITY BONDS AND OTHER GOOD SECURITIES FOR SALE BY W. J. WEBB, No. 22, West Market Sq. nov12

TAXES FOR 1877. Collector's Notice. The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the Tax Bills for the year 1877, under date of October 10th, 1877, and by a vote of the City Council I am authorized to make an ABATEMENT OF TEN PER CENT. on all taxes paid within THIRTY DAYS after said commitment, and FIVE PER CENT. on all Taxes paid after the expiration of thirty days and within SIXTY DAYS after said commitment, and no abatement will be made by the Collector on Taxes not so paid. JOHN L. CROSBY, Collector. Bangor, October 11th, 1877.

WANTED. $2,000 on real estate. Inquire of H. J. PREBLE. dec1

D. W. MAXFIELD, DENTIST, Office No. 2 1-2 Strickland's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine. Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted.

BLACK SILKS Retailing at Wholesale Prices, BY I. W. COOMBS. nov27

NEW STOCK RECEIVED. PIANOS, Square and Upright. PIANO COVERS, Elegant New Designs. PIANO STOOLS, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, HARMONICAS, FLUTES, &c. New Music every day—a great variety. Prices always the lowest in the city. Send for Catalogues and Prices. F. S. DAVENPORT, Main Street, under the Globe Hotel. oct23

THE GREAT Pennsylvania Railroad! The best route to the Black Hills Gold Region. The shortest, quickest, cheapest, and best route to California, the Pacific Coast. The ONLY DIRECT ROUTE to Texas and the Southwest, reaching all points several hours ahead of other lines. Do not buy until you have seen Mr. A. W. Benson at the Maine Central Ticket Office, who is the ONLY AUTHORIZED Agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Bangor. April 13 CYRUS S. HALDEMAN, New England Agent.

F. H. LOUCEE, Pianoforte Tuner, Regulator and Repairer. Orders left with Patten & Wheelden, 21 Main st., and M. H. Andrews, Kenduskeag Bridge, [illegible]

GREAT SLAUGHTER 20 PIANOS AND ORGANS, at [illegible] Little Model Upright Piano. SPECIAL CASH OFFERS. 1 New 7⅓ Octave Piano, elegant Rosewood case, carved legs, price $500, only $225. 1 New 5 Octave Organ, price $125, for only $65. 1 Good 7⅓ Octave Chickering Piano, four round corners, Rosewood case, only $[illegible]. 1 Good 5 Octave Organ, only $35. These goods are fully warranted and must be sold [illegible] PATTEN & WHEELDEN. oct5

AT JOHNSON'S Is the best place to have your Old Clothing [illegible] 37 1-2 Pickering Square.

LADIES' FURS Made and Repaired, in the LATEST and most approved styles. [illegible] MISS ELIZABETH WYER'S, 49 GROVE ST. oct22

Miss LAURA M. COOKE, Teacher of Vocal Music, Cultivation of the Voice, English Oratorio and Italian Singing. Also THE GUITAR. Refers to Oliver Ditson, White, Smith & Co., Mrs. J. H. Long, W. L. Hayden, [illegible] Applications for lessons can be made at [illegible] 73 Keene Street. dec1

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. Official Announcement. The State of Maine having been added to my former territory which consisted of the Provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, the headquarters of this district will now be established at No. 126 Main St., Cor. of Union, where I shall be pleased to see my friends and the travelling public generally. Tickets by our line and general information can be obtained at all the principal ticket agencies in Maine and the Provinces. The local agents for the City of Bangor will be as formerly P. M. BLAKE, No. 1 Central St. A. W. BENSON, Maine Central Depot. FRED H. SMALL, Pass. Agent for Maine and Lower Provinces. oct5

MARRIED.

In this city, Dec. 4th, by Rev. F. T. Hazlewood, Mr. B. B. Thatcher and Miss Lottie P. Walker, daughter of James Walker, Esq., all of Bangor.

In West Camden, Nov. 28th, by [illegible], Mr. [illegible] and Miss Mary F. Tuttle, of Bangor.

In Bradford, Nov. 29th, by T. H. Wentworth, Esq., Mr. Isaac F. Shedd and Miss Flora F. Crockett, both of Bradford.

DIED.

In East Corinth, Dec. 4th, Mrs. Marietta E., wife of Charles [illegible], aged 38 years, 11 days. Funeral Thursday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

SCARBORO CLAMS, Providence River Oysters. Norfolk Oysters. Fairhaven Oysters. I have not generally kept the Plants, but will have them next Friday and Saturday, and every day through the season, and to introduce them I shall sell them at 40 cents per quart and the Norfolks at 30 cents. I wish to have it understood that I do not intend to sell you Oysters at cost, but I don't mean to be beat in price for the same quality of Oysters. I am receiving every day the celebrated SCARBORO CLAMS, in the shell and out of the shell. They are splendid. Please try my Oysters and Clams. Also, as usual, I keep on hand all the time Fresh Halibut and Cod, No. 1 and extra Mackerel, Tongues and Sounds, Halibut Heads, Napes and Fins, Herring, &c. Also Smoked Salmon and Halibut. Also a very nice article of Boneless Cod, put up in 5 pound boxes for family use. In fact, the public in general know that I have always kept a first class Fish Market, and Bangor should be proud of such a Market, but without the patronage of the people it cannot stand. Very thankful for past favors. ALFRED JONES, No. 5 Pickering Square. dec4 [Com. copy.]

MASTS & SPARS. PINE MASTS from 23 inches down. SPRUCE SPARS from 18 inches down. Any reasonable length delivered in 10 days at Bangor. D. W. GARLAND. Bangor, Dec. 5, 1877.

Notice. The Penobscot Central Railroad Co. will ask for renewal of their charter of the next Legislature. JOHN MORISON & als. Dec. 5, 1877. eW3w

Notice. [illegible] Legislature will be asked to pass a [illegible] survey of Logs on Penobscot [illegible] preservation on the records of [illegible] JOHN MORISON & als. eW3w

Notice. [illegible] hereby gives notice that he will apply [illegible] for the privilege of extending [illegible] wharves, near the Bucksport [illegible] Bucksport and Bangor Railroad, in [illegible] and or enlarging his present [illegible] in the harbor of Bucksport. [illegible] FRED [illegible] SPOFFORD. eW3w

NO BUSINESS Is more difficult to fully understand as THE FUR BUSINESS, and people are daily buying of Dealers articles which are made of entirely [illegible] they are sold. Nothing is more deceptive, and so [illegible] Black Cat is sold for Lynx, Grey Cat for Silver Fox, Beaver for Otter, Otter for Seal, Grey Cony for Chinchilla, Muskrat for Mink, Mink for Sable, while the difference in the cost of these Furs is enormous, being [illegible] per cent. Not that the dealer does knowingly misrepresent [illegible] To avoid the trouble, [illegible] should go to AN EXPERIENCED AND PRACTICAL FURRIER who knows all about Fur, who manufactures his own goods, [illegible] M. MEHESY is a Practical Furrier, [illegible] MEHESY keeps first-class goods which he will sell at the LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES, and which he guarantees. New style trimmings [illegible] All orders filled within 24 hours. GIVE HIM A CALL. NO. 50 MAIN STREET. dec1

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS, —AT THE— JORDAN and MARSH STORE. A LOT OF NEW GARMENTS JUST RECEIVED. We will sell you a CLOAK cheaper than [illegible] Opening THIS DAY 100 New and Elegant SHAWLS, prices from $1.25 to $12.00. [illegible] One case Knickerbocker goods, at 11 cents. One case 11-4 Blankets at $3.50. These are [illegible] extensively in Boston by Jordan & Marsh [illegible] a bargain. One more case of Quilts at 62½ cents. 25 dozen Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs, at 50 cents, [illegible] for $75 cents. 50 dozen Ladies' S. H. Handkerchiefs, [illegible] 50 dozen Gents Hose, good goods, at 25 cents. A large lot of Matlasse Dress Goods cheaper [illegible] We close out a lot of Repellants [illegible] $1.25 per yard, shall now sell them at 75 cents. 3 cases Newland Beautiful Prints at [illegible] 10 bales more of that Saranac Cotton. One case Remnants Cotton Flannels very cheap. This is the place to buy your Dry Goods Cheap. **E. C. Nichols & Co.,** No. 9, Main Street, Bangor, Maine. oct22

Bonnets, Hats and Frames—in all the best new shapes—Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Silks and Ribbons—in all the new shades—Ostrich Plumes, Fancy Feathers and Ornaments, including many Novelties. We bought a large stock in N. Y. at lowest prices and all will be sold at the lowest city prices, at C. W. COFFIN'S, 19 Main St.

LOST. [illegible] **LOST.** [illegible] **LOST.** [illegible]

Furs, Furs, Furs! —AT— **CURTIS',** For Ladies, Misses and Children, [illegible] OTTER, BEAVER, SEAL, [illegible] ASTRACHAN, [illegible] MUFFS AND BOAS, Beautiful sets, for Misses and Children. CHILDREN'S FUR SACQUES. Fur Trimming, Black, Brown, Grey and White Coney, [illegible] Ladies' Otter, Seal, Astrachan, Beaver, and Seal Caps. Boys', Misses' and Children's Fur Caps, [illegible] Gents' Imitation Seal Caps and Fur Gloves. A splendid line of Ladies' and Gents' [illegible] GLOVES and MITTS. Ladies' Seal Gloves. Ladies' Alpine Felt Hats, [illegible] A splendid assortment of Ladies' Warm Lined [illegible] and Slippers. Gents' [illegible] Ladies' White Kid Slippers. Silk and Serge Umbrellas. Large assortment of Arctics, Alaskas, [illegible] Overs, &c., Gents' Alaska Boots. Winter Caps in great variety. Also Silk and Soft Hats. Don't forget the CURTIS' [illegible] I have taken the agency for the celebrated WATERPROOF POLISH warranted to make the leather water proof and at the same time to give splendid polish. Also Agent for [illegible] BRONZE BOOTS [illegible] 2 Strickland's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge. dec1

AT THE **BANGOR BAZAR,** [illegible] **HOLIDAY GOODS** [illegible] Don't Fail to Call and See Them **H. W. DURGIN.**

Boarders Wanted. A gentleman and wife and two single gentlemen can find desirable rooms and board at No. 25 French st., cor. Somerset. nov13

For Sale. One Set Double Sleigh, nearly new. One Set Single Sleigh, with express top. One Set Single Sleds. One Winter Peddle Cart for 2 horses. One Winter Peddle Cart for one horse. by H. J. STEVENS, [illegible] Hammond Street. nov15

NOTICE. [illegible] **CHAS. DWINEL.** Bangor [illegible]

CITY DRUG STORE. Look Out for Your Harness. At least twice a year all Harnesses should be thoroughly cleaned and oiled so as to prevent injury by moisture and frost. We have the best Neatsfoot Oil, Sponges, and genuine Castile Soap. Then, occasionally the use of a prepared Harness Oil Blacking will keep them in good condition. We have the best. Also Harness Oil Soap, in bars and boxes, together with a full line of goods for the Stable, comprising Horse Brushes, Mane Brushes, Curry Combs, Chamois Skins, Sperm Oil, Stable Brooms, Feather Dusters, Whisk Brushes, etc. All to be sold at LOW PRICES. WM. E. MANN, City Drug Store, 6 and 8 Smith Block. dec1

THE STANDARD BROILER. PATENTED [illegible]

D. ARTHUR BROWN & CO., [illegible]

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BEST COFFEE, You ever drank, try a pound of Tea White's Best, AT 35 CENTS PER POUND. dec3

IF YOU WANT A VERY GOOD COFFEE At a moderate price, try a pound of TEA WHITE'S CREAM COFFEE, FOR 25 CENTS PER POUND. dec5

NEW HELIOTYPES RECEIVED BY D. BUGBEE & CO. nov20

HORSES WINTERED. For $2 per week, on hay and grain. Good Box Stalls and Paddocks. Horses kept by the month or year. A first class Pasture only three minutes drive from town. Parties can inspect their stock at any time. GEO. E. JEWETT, Hampden Road.

BONDHOLDER'S MEETING. Holders of the Land Grant Bonds of the European and North American Railway Company are hereby requested to meet at the Directors' Room, No. 9 Depot Block, Exchange Street, Bangor, Maine, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of December, 1877, at half past two o'clock in the afternoon, to hear the first annual report of their Trustees and to consider and act upon any matters which may properly come before the meeting. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, WILLIAM B. HAYFORD, Trustees [illegible] Trustees' Office, Bangor, Dec. 3, 1877.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 5, 1877.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM BIDDEFORD.

House Burned.

BIDDEFORD, Nov. 4. The dwelling-house of Stephen Allord, Elm street, was burnt to the ground this morning. Allord, an old man, was pulled from his bed after it had taken fire. The furniture was insured $200; insurance on the house light. [illegible]

Bound Over.

In the police court to-day, Clark Hitchins, charged with receiving stolen goods, was arraigned on eleven counts in a warrant, and bound over for the Grand Jury.

FROM NEWPORT.

Arrested for Incendiarism.

PORTLAND, Nov. 4. Sylvester Parker who set fire to the barn of Wm. Thornton in Bradford, Mass., Nov. 4, was arrested at his home in Newport, Me., and brought through this city this afternoon in custody of Marshal Howe, of Haverill, Mass.

FROM FRYEBURG

The Supreme Court.

FRYEBURG, Dec. 4. The Supreme Judicial Court convened here to-day, Judge Virgin presiding. The continued dockets the largest for a long time and numbers about 500 cases and an unusual number are marked for trial. The session will probably not be less than two weeks.

FROM CALAIS.

Sudden Death.

CALAIS, Dec. William Whitlock of St. Andrews, N. B., for many years agent of the International Steamship Company at that place, died suddenly of heart disease last evening while sitting in a chair in his office. He was seventy-nine years of age and a bachelor.

FROM AUGUSTA.

A Struggle with a Burglar.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 5. A burglar entered the residence of Hon. Lot M. Morrill about midnight of Tuesday, and a private watchman in the house had a hard struggle with him, receiving a stab in the breast and [illegible] wounds. The burglar finally escaped, leaving his dark-knife, an iron billy, and bag brought to carry away the [illegible]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS—Regular Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.

The Senate was not in session having adjourned to Thursday.

House.

A resolution that the nineteenth joint rule prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Capitol building be rigidly enforced was passed.

Mr. Dibrell offered a concurrent resolution for adjournment from Dec. 19th to Jan. 1st. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows: To regulate the commerce between the several States, for the exemption from admeasurement and enrollment of vessels not propelled by steam or sail, to enable vessels wrecked or disabled in waters contiguous to the United States or [illegible] relation to engraving and printing Government issues, amending the law relating to the return of the net proceeds of cotton seized after June 30th, 1865, amending the bankrupt law; levying a tax on incomes, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the payment of any claims for damages growing out of the taking, use or destruction of property during the rebellion; relating to compensation to special counsel in the Supreme Court in the Centennial [illegible] to substitute greenbacks for the issue of the National Banking Association, and to pay the full amount for all the bonds deposited by them in the Treasury in accordance with the terms of the contract expressed on the face of said bonds, the bonds so redeemed to be cancelled; for a [illegible] at St. Louis, dividing Michigan into three judicial districts, providing for general amnesty; for the construction of a railroad from San Antonio to Eagle Pass, Texas; to ascertain the losses sustained by the citizens of Texas by reason of Mexican depredations; to reorganize the pay of the department of the army; amending the act for the resumption of specie payments.

Mr. Tucker, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the bill remitting the tax upon alcohol used by scientific universities and colleges consituted by any State or Territory in preserving specimens. Passed.

Mr. Reagan, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, reported back the joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to make such preliminary examination of the head waters of the St. Croix, Chippewa and Wisconsin rivers as may determine the extent and practicability of the reservoirs on the same. Passed.

Mr. Frye, from the Judiciary Committee reported back the bill prescribing an oath of office which eliminates from the statutes the law which prescribes the taking of the "cast iron oath." Passed.

Also a bill repealing section 820 of R. S. which provides for the disqualification of any juror who has without duress or coercion taken up arms in defense of any insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or who has given aid or comfort thereto. Passed.

Mr. Schliecher, chairman of the Committee on Railways and Canals, reported a resolution directing that matters relating to the improvement of navigation of rivers which have been referred to the Committee on Commerce, be committed to the Committee on Railways and Canals, as the committee to which these matters belonged.

The Speaker ruled that the subject matter of the resolution never having been referred to the Committee on Railways and Canals, that committee had no authority to report such a resolution. A long discussion ensued, and no action was taken, when at 4.10 the House adjourned.

A Democratic caucus was announced for to-morrow, after adjournment.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Comments of the New York Papers—The Herald calls it "a weak defence."

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. The Herald says of the message, that on the great questions of currency and public credit it is satisfactory. His argument regarding the southern policy sounds too much like an apology. His defence of his civil service measure is the weakest part of the message because he was under the necessity of executing a retreat which is not a masterly one.

"Remarkable Indifference to Facts."

The Times says the President's statement of his Southern policy is comprehensive and from his point of view conclusive. The disappointment which the country will now experience will proceed from the insufficiency of explanation measured by the standard of the Republican party, and from the somewhat remarkable indifference to facts upon which the President bases his claim to success. It is calculated to allay a good many apprehensions felt in regard to his position on questions affecting the currency and the public credit. It leaves his attitude toward the other important issues of revenue reform, subsidies and civil service reform open to doubt.

"An Indirect Apology."

The Tribune commends the cheerful tone of the whole message and says it begins with an indirect apology for the Southern policy; applauds the President's vehement assurance that he will do all he can to maintain the rights of the colored people. It commends his treatment of the question of finance, which will greatly strengthen the party of hard money and fair dealing. He repeats the principles of civil service reform which he has so often stated and so often allowed his Secretaries to violate.

The World is Pleased.

The World says the President on the financial question has at last put himself distinctly on the side of common sense and common honesty. His recital of the good which has already resulted from his Southern policy is the best answer which he could have made to the attacks which that policy has provoked.

The Sun Contemptuous.

The Sun says of Hayes' message: Leave out its bragging over his policy of pacification and over things which he claims to have done—but with which he had little or nothing to do—leave out his financial vagaries, his menaces against Mexico, his Samoan project and his maundering about education; leave out, along with these, his abstracts of departmental reports, and the space occupied by the remainder will be small.

The Evening Papers.

The Evening Post applauds the President's message on his financial and Southern policy, but says: We will not attempt to conceal our disappointment as regards the civil service, revenue reform and subsidies.

The Commercial says that the President used a great many words to say very little and condemns the tone on all subjects except the financial part of the message.

The Express says the message is very common place and prosy and will have very little weight with Congress or the country.

WASHINGTON.

The Senate Standing Committees.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4. The Republican Senators held a brief caucus to-day to provide for a revision of the membership of standing committees. Messrs. Merrill, Windom, Booth, Dorsey, Oglesby, Allison and Howe were appointed a committee to revise the lists and report to a future meeting of the caucuses after ascertaining the wishes of the Democrats as to the assignment of their members.

It is probable that the minority will be given an increased representation upon such committees of importance as are not already divided with all possible equality between the two parties. The Democrats have now four members out of nine on the following committees: Appropriations, Foreign Relations, Commerce; Public Lands, Claims, and have three members out of seven on the Judiciary, but they have less than this proportion of strength on various other committees, especially the Finance Committee and the Committee on Elections, each of which consists of six Republicans and three Democrats.

The "Iron Clad" Oath Distasteful to the Democrats.

The House Judiciary Committee to-day agreed to report and recommend for passage two bills repealing the "Iron-clad" oath and the jurors' test oath inadvertently prescribed by sec. 820 of the Revised Statutes, although a bill repealing it was enacted in 1872. The Committee decided to report favorably upon a bill allowing persons charged with crime to testify in their own behalf.

The House Committee on Military took testimony from Capt. Lewis Johnson of the 24th Infantry on the subject of the Texas border troubles, and will to-morrow hear General Ord and Lieut. Col. Mason on the same subject.

Troops for the Mexican Border.

Orders have been issued from the War Department for the departure of cavalry, artillery and infantry to the Rio Grande where they will be stationed in the interests of peace for the security of the people on the frontier from raiding parties. Six companies of McKenzie's 4th cavalry, already in Texas on the upper line, will be ordered to a station on the border and one regiment of infantry from Minnesota with a battalion of artillery from Carlisle barracks will also be sent to the Rio Grande. This order from the War Department is not in consequence of any new complication. The people of Texas feel that there are not troops enough there and the Government is making this move to increase the force so as to do all possible to stop the raids, of which the country is well informed. It is mentioned at the War Department to-day that there is nothing reported officially that will indicate the probability of any serious trouble between the United States and Mexico.

A Railroad Bill.

The bill introduced in the House to-day by Townsend of Ill., to amend section 5258 R. S. and regulate commerce by railroads among the several States, proposes to require railroads to receive and transport freight cars of other companies without charging any greater rate than is charged where the cars are the property of the road over which they pass. It prescribes as a penalty for any violation of this provision a forfeiture of three times the amount of damage sustained by the aggrieved parties to be paid to the latter.

Income Taxes.

Mr. Dibrell's bill to tax incomes provides for a tax of three per cent. on all amounts of income over $2,000.

The Cabinet Council

to-day was two hours long. The subjects which received attention were the unconfirmed nominations to offices and other matters relating directly thereto. The indications favor the sending of several new nominations to the Senate on Thursday, though in many cases in the list of offices left vacant by the failure of the Senate to confirm, no decisions were reached as to the names next to be presented.

Senator Patterson.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. The World's Washington special says it is believed Judge Humphreys will on Wednesday decline to surrender Senator Patterson on the requisition of Gov. Hampton of South Carolina, on the ground that he is not within the meaning of the law a fugitive from justice, but daily occupying a seat in the U. S. Senate as a representative of the State so calls him.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

In Massachusetts.

HAVERHILL, Dec. 4. Hon. Nathan S. Kimball was elected Mayor to-day, receiving 1,750 votes to 84 scattering. The standing of the new Board of Aldermen on the license question is the exact reverse of the present board. The prohibitionists have had full sway for two years past, but are completely routed.

FITCHBURG, Dec. 4. The election today resulted in the success of the Citizens' regular ticket, except four Councilmen; and electing David H. Merriam, Mayor by a majority of 298.

LAWRENCE, Dec. 4. James R. Simpson, Rep., was elected over Mayor Saunders to-day by 570 majority. The Republicans secured the entire Board of Aldermen and fourteen Councilmen.

FALL RIVER, Dec. 4. The election today passed off quietly. The Republicans elected Crawford E. Lindsey, Mayor, and 5 out of the 6 Aldermen, 13 out of the 18 Councilmen.

TAUNTON, Dec. 4. The municipal election resulted in the re-election of Pagel, Republican, by 611 majority. There are seven Republican Aldermen and one Democrat. The vote was lighter than usual. There were no disturbances.

SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 4. Emerson Wight, Republican, was elected to-day Mayor of this city for the fourth time by 700 majority, and the rest of the Republican ticket was elected, except two members of the council.

William Whiting was elected Mayor of Holyoke without opposition.

J. Franklin Dyer, Republican, was elected Mayor of Gloucester by 50 majority. The Board of Aldermen stands five Republicans to 33 Democrats; Council, 13 Democrats and 11 Republicans.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Mr. Bowles' Condition Tuesday.

SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 4. There is no change in Mr. Bowles' condition and his physicians anticipate none, either way, for the next day or two. By that time an opinion as to the probability of his recovery can be formed.

THE INDIANS.

Depredations in the Black Hills.

DEADWOOD, Nov. 4. Reports of Indian depredations continue and several miners have arrived who report abandoning their camps on account of attacks by savages. Gen. Crook has been authorized by Sheridan to afford relief to freighters and settlements in the Hills.

The Runaway Sioux.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4. The reported stampede of Sioux Indians while on the way to their new agency on the Missouri River, receives earnest attention at the War and Interior Departments. There is a fear it may cause wide spread demonstrations of hostility to the Government and white settlers. The agent for the Sioux has been instructed not to issue rations except at the agency, but to allow the Indians to select a camping ground near that station. Gen. Sheridan telegraphs he is afraid the Indians who broke away from Red Cloud's band have commenced depredations in the Black Hills and on the road leading thereto. Gen. Crook has been notified to give protection and punish the Indians if possible.

OHIO.

Serious Losses by Fire.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 4. Eight of the principal business houses and two dwellings were burned at Athens at midnight. Loss $60,000 to $80,000. The county bridge over the Scioto, a river near the Chillicothe, was burned. Loss $50,000 to $60,000.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Dec. 5—1 A. M.

Indications.

For New England, the Middle and South Atlantic States: Falling barometer, increasing Southwest to Southeast winds, warmer, threatening and rainy weather, are probable.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

At Cornish, N. H., Tuesday morning, Albert F. Penniman committed suicide by cutting his throat. Temporary insanity was the cause.

The President's message contained 11,300 words.

A Montgomery, Ala., despatch says that Col. Robert Tyler, son of ex-President Tyler, was attacked with paralysis of the brain Monday morning and died that night.

The trial of Col. William Craig and Geo. W. Brant, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government in the matter of a claim for mules alleged to have been captured by Indians in 1864, resulted Tuesday in a verdict of not guilty.

No chairman has yet been selected for the House Committee on Pacific Railroads.

The clerk of the court of claims has transmitted to Congress a statement of all judgments rendered by the Court for the year ending Dec. 3, 1877. The entire amount of claims was about $3,000,000 and over one-sixth of which has been awarded. A large number of claims were dismissed, including some for the proceeds of cotton captured by the U. S. military forces, in sums ranging from $300 to $6000.

The New York police say the city is thronged with thieves, burglars, pickpockets and ex-convicts from all parts of the country.

The New York Brewers and Malters Insurance Company having failed to make good $115,000 impairment of capital, have reinsured their risk in a Newark company.

Mrs. Hooper of Boston, has been indicted by the Grand Jury of Brooklyn for stealing diamonds.

Captain Johnson stated before the House military committee Tuesday that to give adequate protection to the Texas frontier there were necessary two full regiments of infantry and one of cavalry—in all 2,000 men.

The seamen on the frigate Minnesota subscribed $100 for the widows and orphans of the sailors of the Huron.

Eleven lives were lost by the burning of the steamer Lotus, at Waterloo last Saturday—all deck hands. The passengers were all saved.

Financial troubles caused D. A. Baldwin the last President of the West Wisconsin railway, to choke himself to death.

The naval court of inquiry to investigate the cause of the Huron disaster will assemble at the Navy Department to-day.

On the morning of the 18th ult., at Bermuda, a shock of earthquake was felt throughout the islands, but no damage.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Comments on the Message.

LONDON, Dec. 4. The News, commenting on Hayes' message, says: The message deals principally with questions of pacification of the country and resumption of specie payments, and on both the President expresses himself with good sense and good feeling.

The Times says, President Hayes has not disappointed expectation. His message has no uncertain sound on the subject of currency legislation.

The Telegraph says: Notwithstanding the discouragements with which President Hayes has been met, the prudent and firm position he assumes in his message insures him the support of the wisest and best portion of his countrymen.

FRANCE.

An Interview Between Dufaure and MacMahon.

LONDON, Dec. 4. A Paris correspondent telegraphs that he has private information contradicting the French newspapers' account of the interview between Dufaure and President MacMahon. He says a few days ago Senator Duclerc presented to the Marshal an informal note asking him as satisfaction to the Left to promise a revision of the constitution in a Republican sense. The Marshal sent for Dufaure to inform him that this condition was unacceptable. Dufaure replied that the Left desired a guarantee against a second dissolution and nothing could be easier than to find a guarantee which would not compromise the President's dignity. The correspondent concludes:

"The foregoing is all that occurred, consequently there is no ground for thinking the temper of Elysee is changed. It is significant that the deputation of Paris merchants and manufacturers who went to Elysee Monday desiring to present an address to President MacMahon in person, were received by an aid-de-camp, who somewhat peremptorily referred them to the Minister of Commerce. The deputation retired telling the aid-de-camp to inform the President that they were the vanguard of an imposing demonstration which numbered a thousand to-day, and would number one hundred thousand to-morrow and a million the next day."

THE EASTERN WAR.

Suleiman Pasha's Movements.

LONDON, Dec. 4. Concerning Suleiman Pasha's movements reported from Constantinople yesterday, where it was stated he was believed to be engaged in a strong effort near Osman Bazar, the Telegraph's Shumla special says Sunday night: No official news received here since Thursday. Important movements are imminent if not already progressing. Great anxiety prevails and many rumors are circulating.—Among them, that heavy fighting occurred Friday in the direction of Tirnova, from which place the Russians ultimately were driven back, losing over 3,000 men, and that the Turks are now bombarding Tirnova. All available surgeons and dressers are going hence to Osman Bazar.

Rumors at Shumla and correspondents' impressions seem to confirm the report that Suleiman Pasha is endeavoring to effect an important diversion by cutting the Russian communications along the northern slope of the Balkans.

Mehemet Ali's Battle.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 4. Mehemet Ali telegraphed from Kamarli yesterday, as follows: To-day, after violently cannonading our positions at Kamarli from the heights of Etropol and Orchanie, the Russians furiously attacked our left wing. The battle continued until evening and we retained our positions. The enemy retreated with considerable loss. Pursuit was prevented by the thickly wooded country. We shall take the offensive to-morrow. The Russian Imperial Guard was engaged.

THE POPE.

Slightly Better.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. A Rome despatch says it is thought the Pope died Sunday night and a rumor to that effect has been believed even to the Vatican. Immense crowds gathered at St. Peters, Monday. The truth is the Pope is slightly better. A silver tube has been inserted into the sore on his leg, which will act as a safety valve and may prolong his life several days.

In an Alarming Condition.

The Pope's condition continues alarming. His weakness is such that the closing of the issue in his leg has been necessary, notwithstanding the risk.

FOREIGN FRAGMENTS.

A despatch from Vienna says the Russians were defeated near Tirnova with a loss of 3,000 men and the Turks are bombarding Tirnova.

A despatch from Erzeroum says there have been heavy snows in Asia which have stopped all further army operations.

A despatch from Cairo says the Khedive has decided to reinforce the Egyptian contingent by 6,000 men.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. Money at 5 per cent. STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4.81@4.84. GOLD closed at 102¾. Government securities closed at the following quotations,—

U. S. 6's, 1881, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ex int 111¾
" " '65, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 106¾
" " '67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 109
" " '68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 111¾
U. S. 5s, 107¾
" 10-40's, 5 per c'nts (coup Mar 1 & Sept 1) 108½
Currency 6's, 119½
" 4½s, 105¾
" 4s, 103¾

Above quotations include the accrued interest.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4. FLOUR is unch'd—sales 15,000—Superfine western and State, 4 75 @ 5 75, extra Ohio, 5 40 @7.50, white wheat western, 6 05 @ 7 75; St. Louis, 5 75 @8 50.

WHEAT is steady—sales 65,000 bushels—No. 2 Milwaukee, 1.31, winter red western, 141.

[illegible] is firmer—sales 162,000 bushels—steamer mixed, 62½; New York No. 2, 72@74.

[illegible] is stronger—sales 135,000 bushels. Mixed Western and State, 35@41, white Western and State, 38@44.

Coffee firm—Rio 18@22.

SUGAR heavy—Fair to good Refining, 7¼@7¾ prime, 7¾, standard A, 9¼, granulated, 9¾ @9½, powdered, 9¾, crushed, 9¾.

PETROLEUM—Crude, 9, refined, 13¼.

ROSIN at 1 70@1.75

SPIRITS TURPENTINE at 33½.

PORK—new mess, 13 50

BEEF is quiet—New extra mess, 12.50@13 50.

LARD—prime steam, 8 40.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4. Flour unch'd. Wheat higher—No. 2, 1 07¼. Corn—No. 2, 42. OATS—No. 2 at 24½. BARLEY at 52. Rye at 56.

LOCAL MATTERS.

New moon last night.

Beautiful day yesterday.

The loaded vessels are now expected at this port.

The Harbor Master reports ten vessels in the river.

There will be a social dance in Brewer this evening.

There was a thunder shower in Houlton last Wednesday.

Considerable produce was brought into the market yesterday.

Yesterday potatoes sold from thirty-five to fifty-seven cents per bushel.

On the first page this morning will be found Senator Conkling's speech.

Six deaths occurred in the city last week, instead of three, as was reported.

Four thousands tons of coal are consumed by the inhabitants of Bucksport village annually.

Mr. M. L. Rost, proprietor of the Vanceboro' eating-house, and wife, are stopping at the Exchange.

Alfred Jones advertises that he will furnish the best quality of oysters at prices that can't be beat.

D. W. Garland is prepared to furnish masts and spars of any reasonable length. See his advertisement.

Examine the loose bills in your packet at once. There is a dangerous $1,000 counterfeit in circulation.

Schumacker Brothers are going to have an exhibition of oil paintings in the Art Association Room, next week.

George A. Alden, Esq., of Waterville, General Road Agent on the Maine Central Railroad, was in the city yesterday.

Dwinel's horse started and ran up Harlow street yesterday morning but was stopped before he had done any damage.

During the sale of Japanese and Chinese goods at the Art Rooms, the Association purchased a number of very fine specimens.

Portland boasts of a man, who has been a resident of that place for twenty years, and during that time has only been out of the city once.

Our correspondent F. writes Moosehead Lake is partially frozen over, and the steamer Wm. Parker made her last trip for the season Monday.

We are sorry to learn that Ansel Leighton, Esq., who rallied quite encouragingly from his sickness during the fall, has again become very feeble.

Yesterday Mr. Low was engaged in moving the ice-house owned by the Sanford Steamboat Company on to the new wharf. The other buildings will be moved as soon as the boats stop running.

Sewell C. Homer, Esq., has at his market in Bucksport, a pig 8 months and 2 days old, when killed, that weighed, dressed and ready for market, 403 pounds. It was raised by J. R. Bassett, of Verona.

SUGGESTIVE. Yesterday while several gentlemen were standing together on Central street conversing a man went past them, carrying in his hand a little brown two quart jug, and stepped into the City Agency, whistling as he went the well known tune, "What shall the harvest be."

We regret to hear of the death of Mrs. Marietta Megquier, wife of Charles Megquier, Esq., of East Corinth. His pleasant home has been invaded and a wife beloved for her many virtues suddenly removed. This sad blow falls heavily on him and he has the sympathy of all who know him, in this time of affliction.

The trotting stock owned by J. C. Mitchell was sold in front of the Exchange stables, yesterday morning, at the following prices. Triumph to Thomas McAloon for $700; Paul Jones to Philo Strickland, for $150; Little Ranger, for $50; Kitty, a brood mare, to A. Hunt, for $40.50. Edward Leavitt was auctioneer.

We have received a very fine rebus executed by Miss C. A. Baldwin and Mr. T. W. Baldwin, and beleotypid by Osgood. This rebus contains about seventy-five names, and will be for sale at the Fair which opens in Unity Hall Thursday afternoon. It will undoubtedly attract great attention as it is a piece of ingenuity that reflects great credit upon the designers.

THE HANDEL rehearsal last evening was well attended and a profitable session was held. The programme for the "Social Hour" was as follows: Song—"Tho' lost to sight to memory dear," was very finely sung by Mr. Holden; piano solo, "Call me thine own," was rendered in a very pleasing manner by Miss Evans; and the song entitled "Monks of old" was sung in good voice and with a great deal of expression by Mrs. Moody.

OPENING ASSEMBLY. The first in a series of six assemblies under the management of Messrs. C. E. Hill and S. W. Jones, occurred at Music Hall last evening, and was an exceedingly pleasant affair. A fine order of dances had been arranged, and the music by Andrews' Orchestra was even better than usual, which is saying a great deal. Some fifty couples were on the floor and the dancing was continued until a late hour when all started for home feeling that they had thoroughly enjoyed the evening.

The Sociable to come off at City Hall, under the auspices of the Women's Crusade, has a new feature. The first hour of the evening is devoted to singing, declamations and short speeches. The last part of the evening is the mum sociable. A signal will be given when all conversation, except by sings, gesticulations and facial expression shall cease. Any person breaking the silence by speaking or otherwise, will suffer the penalty of five cents fine. These entertainments have been very popular in the West, and the Crusade hope to see a full house.

OBITUARY. Asa Matthews, Esq., of Newport, who died at his residence on the 29th of November last in the 74th year of his age, was born in Searsport and resided there till the period of his majority. He graduated at Waterville College, now Colby University, in the class of 1829, and soon after became principal of Hampden Academy, which place he filled for the period of twelve years. Subsequently he was principal of an Academy at North Carolina for several years, and his active life was mostly spent in teaching. He was a resident of Newport for thirty years. He was a man of stern integrity and took a deep interest in the education and moral improvement of the rising generation. He merited the esteem of all who knew him and will be much missed by the community where he spent the most of his life. He leaves a widow and one son, S. W. Matthews, Esq., of Hampden, to mourn his loss.

"BANGOR BELL." The entertainment in the vestry of the Hammond-st. church last evening, under the auspices of the "Bangor Bell," connected with that society, was well attended, the vestry being crowded full. The exercises opened with the children's operetta of "Bob Shafton," very well done by several small children. After this came Beethoven's Symphony of a "Sleighride," very finely executed by several young ladies. The duett, "Quaker Song," by Miss Henry and Master Davis, in costume, was well sung and afforded a great deal of amusement for the audience. The duett "Master and Scholar," by Mrs. Crowell and Mr. Duren, was one of the best selections of the evening and received warm applause at the close. Miss Laughton read a fine selection, and in response to a hearty encore, she read a humorous piece. The duett by Miss Thurston on the piano and Master Palmer on the bones, was very enthusiastically received. The entertainment concluded with a reading by Miss Burns. At the close of this entertainment refreshments were served, after which the many beautiful fancy articles received due attention.

A DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR. We learn from the policemen the following particulars of a very disgraceful affair which occurred in this city last night: Between one and two o'clock this morning, the police were notified that members of the Jameson Guards had stolen a barrel of lager beer from the Union Block Club, and were throwing bottles about the armory and making a great disturbance. The police immediately started out, and on arrival at the armory they found the door locked on the inside, but one of the officers luckily had a key that fitted the lock and they entered the room and arrested Capt. James Davis, Sargent Henry Adams and four other members of the company and placed them in the station house. The beer stood in the hall near the door of the armory and they had opened the door and rolled the barrel in and began drinking and soon arrived at that stage where they lost all control of themselves. There will be a feeling of great regret that such a stigma should be cast on an organization that has always been held in high esteem by our citizens. We think that it is about time that the authorities were looking after these institutions that are leaving their beer lying around loose.

Police Court.

Yesterday, James Lyons, John Dougherty and James Kelley were bound over in the sum of $300 to appear at the February term of the Supreme Court. Lyons and Dougherty gave bail, but Kelley being unable to get bail was committed to jail.

James Doyle came up for breaking windows in the Abbott-square school-house, and Judge Goodenow reserved his sentence.

Business Items.

People of comparatively small means are often perplexed as to what present they shall make their wives, which shall be at once cheap and acceptable. If nothing else they can send for that admirable household and fashion magazine, "Andrews' Bazar." This is full of articles contributed by excellent writers and correspondents; stories, sketches, criticisms, facetiae and poetry. Its household hints and fashion departments are simply unsurpassed, the latter being illustrated in the most varied manner with plates. Patterns are furnished at small cost when desired. This periodical is published by W. R. Andrews, at Cincinnati.

Messrs. Schumacher Bros. propose to exhibit in the Art Rooms, next week, a collection of OIL PAINTINGS from the easels of some of our leading American artists, with a few from European sources. Their facilities for securing the most desirable works of art are such that it is safe to predict a better exhibition than has ever been open this side of Boston. The collection will consist of about 120 Paintings, Brown, Webber, Snow, Schultz, J. B. Sword, and other favorites, will be well represented on the catalogue. 1t

Dr. Babcock, Dentist, cures aching teeth. nov27 2w*

CUT THIS OUT—IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE. There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Disease, Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderous cures astonishes every one that try it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to your druggist and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size bottle for 75 cents. For sale by all druggists. d&wcow6m oct23

Adamson's Botanic Balsam will not make new lungs, but will prevent the disease from spreading throughout the whole substance of the lungs, thereby facilitating recovery. Price 35 cts. Sample free.

THE AMOUNT OF TESTIMONY in favor of Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a sure cure for Consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. See Dr. Schenck's Almanac, which can be had of any Druggist, free of charge, containing the certificates of many persons of the highest respectability, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences will show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea-Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck certifies that most any case of Consumption can be cured. Every moment of delay makes your cure more difficult, and all depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. Schenck's Mandrake Pills are an agreeable, and safe cure for Consumption caused by biliousness, and also for sallow complexion and coated tongue. There is no better remedy for disordered stomach and all the evils resulting therefrom. Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Schenck's Medicines are for sale by all Druggists. 1m dol

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS cure instantly. june 11—1y.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST.—If you doubt the wonderful success of SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE, give it a trial; then if you are not perfectly satisfied, return the bottle and we will refund the price paid. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Lung or Throat troubles, there is nothing like it for a quick and positive cure, as it never fails. 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. If your Lungs are sore, or Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, price 25 cents. Sold by N. S. Harlow and H. H. Butler, Bangor.

HACKMETACK, a rich and fragrant perfume. Sold by the above dealers. oct1 eod&w6m

JAVA COFFEE. Care in buying the lowest price articles. The best is cheapest. Ho, with the finest cultivated and plantation grown spices imported by Messrs. Rockney, Jackson & Co., of London and New York. I have just received a shipment of these goods and would specially invite the attention of all consumers to them. These spices are not only absolutely pure, but are without a doubt the finest ever imported into this country. I confidently recommend them as being really of unusual merit.

CHAS. DWINEL,
nov28 eod No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge

THOSE AFFLICTED IN ... will be pleased to know that HUNT'S REMEDY cures Kidney, Bladder, Glandular and Bright's Disease, Gravel, Diabetes, and Mental and Physical Debility. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Dropsy and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs.

Lame and sick horses, pronounced incurable, cured free of cost. Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia.

Spavins, Splints, Ringbones, Bunches, Thoroughpins, Spring Knees cured without blemish.

Strains, Shoulder Lameness, Navicular Disease, Shoe Boils, cure guranteed. Send for pamphlet containing full information to Dr. WM. M. GILES, 451 6th Avenue, New York.

Use only for Horses, the liniment in YELLOW wrappers. oct17eod&wlm*

WHEW. For Heaven's sake use SOZODONT and sweeten your breath. It will never be fragrant as long as you allow your teeth to remain in that discolored and unhealthy condition. Besides, they will impregnate your food, and give you the dyspepsia.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

TUESDAY, Dec. 4.

ARRIVED.

Sch L M Stewart, Lyndhill, Boston
Sch J P Merriman, Dunn, Boston
Sch Kate Walker, Herrick, New York, coal

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON—Ar Dec 2, schs Frank Maria, Allen, Elizabeth Arbelear, Clark, do; Panama, Chipman, do; Sea Queen, Bogart, do; Mary Wiley, Williams, Bailey, Bullbon, Bates, do; Olive Elizabeth, Libby, do; Lucy Church, Mc[illegible], Emily A Staples, Crockett, do; Nelson, Clark, [illegible]

PROVIDENCE—Ar Nov 30, schr Martha Weeks, [illegible]

NEW YORK—Ar 1st, schs Lizzie Merry, [illegible]

NEW BEDFORD—Ar 30th, [illegible]

SALEM—Ar [illegible], schs Kate Walker, Herrick, Perth Amboy for Bangor.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Messina, Nov 22, brig Harry Smith, Wicks, Bangor, Me.

Sld from [illegible], Dec 1, ship Elias Thayer, [illegible], Savannah.

Ar at Laguna, Pr, Dec 2, brig Amy A Lane, Cortegan, Philadelphia.

Sld from Plymouth, Dec 1, bktn Clara M Gwilym, Look, New York.

MANHATTAN

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK CITY.

JOHN. S. KIMBALL & SON, Agents,

23 Exchange street.

Policies written at the lowest rates. nov17 eod tf

PERISTALTIC LOZENGES.

The effects of

COSTIVENESS

When long continued are pains in the head, dizziness, nausea or sickness at the stomach, general uneasiness in the abdominal region, congestion of the liver, and hence an impeded circulation of the [illegible], colic, and especially the

PILES.

The grand [illegible] cause of Dyspepsia is [illegible] of the stomach. The torpidity of the liver [illegible] the natural quantity of bile discharged from the organ, and also [illegible] pain on the right side. Under whichever form

DYSPEPSIA

Appears there is always languor or debility, exertion is [illegible], the pulse is weak, the sleep disturbed, the extremities cold, the tongue for the most part furred or covered with a cream, [illegible]. [illegible]

These Lozenges will repair the mischief caused by the excess of use of purgative pills, with which the country has for years been flooded.

They are most agreeable to the taste, and convenient in form, that children eat them readily after rejecting the usual nauseous remedies. In those symptoms supposed to indicate the presence of Worms, they are a [illegible] remedy.

Price 30 and 60 cents. For sale by druggists, or by mail on receipt of price to [illegible] or more.

E. S. HARRISON & CO.,
42 Union St., Boston.

oct15 [illegible] eow11

Of superior ENGLISH manufacture, and justly celebrated for Elasticity, Durability and Evenness of Point. In 15 Numbers.

THE SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS.

Varieties suited to every style of writing. For sale by the Trade generally. A Sample Card, containing one each of the Fifteen Numbers, by mail, on receipt of 25 cents.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.
138 and 140 Grand St., New York.

FRENCH.

[illegible] CHAS. [illegible] Clark's Room 10. Office hours, 4 to 5 P. M.

PREPARE for the WINTER.

[illegible] OVERCOATS [illegible]

AT REEDS, [illegible] 43 Central Street.

WE INVITE

You to examine the largest stock, and greatest variety, of all THANKSGIVING GOODS, to be found in Bangor, at prices as low as the lowest. [illegible] Call and see at

NORTON & FARRINGTON,
nov24 139 Exchange Street

$3 GOLD PLATED WATCHES. Cheapest in the known world. Sample Watch Free to Agents. Address, A. COULTER & Co., Chicago.

WHAT IS ACCOMPLISHED BY VEGETINE.

VEGETINE will renew the blood, give tone to the stomach, restore the liver to its proper action, stimulate the kidneys so as to enable them to perform the functions devolving upon them, carry off the putrid humors, regulate the bowels and restore the whole system to working order. This is precisely what Vegetine does, and this is the exact way through which it has accomplished so many wonderful cures, as may be seen by the following unquestionable evidence.

A Husband's Statement of the Great Suffering of His Wife.

HARWICH, Mass., Sept. 21, 1875.

MR. STEVENS— I feel it my duty to say a word in [illegible]. My wife has been troubled [illegible] for several years, which she in[herited] from her parents. We have tried several [illegible] a great many different kinds of [illegible]. She was so much [illegible] we had almost despaired of her [getting] better. Hearing of the VEGETINE [illegible] try once more, and she commenced [in] March, and has been improving [ever] since. From 104 pounds she has now [gained] ... pounds, having gained 31 pounds in [illegible] and is now able to do about her [work]. She believes that VEGETINE has [been the means] of saving her life, and I that she [owes] so much in its praise. It it please [you] to use of this statement you are at liberty; [she] has taken fifteen bottles and [is] still using it, and I can safely recommend it as a great blood purifier.

Yours respectfully, JOSEPH L. BUTLER.

The Wife's Statement.

HARWICH, Mass., Sept. 21, 1875.

MR. STEVENS— Dear Sir,—I feel I must say a few words about VEGETINE. The physicians said I had so many complaints they did not know what to give me. They said I had a bad humor and I had to try. [illegible] the liver complaint, my heart was very weak, and I don't think there is any one [that] suffered more with the piles than I did. The physicians all said it was no use for me to take medicine, I could not live through the month of May. I truly think the Vegetine has saved my life, and my neighbors say that Vegetine has [really] accomplished a wonderful cure in my case, and I tell every one whom I meet it is the best medicine in the world. Yours, very thankfully,

MRS. J. L. BUTLER.

Vegetine.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, VEGETINE, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over thirty years with that dreadful disease, Catarrh, and ... coughing spells ... [illegible] ... [illegible] ... cured me, and I ... to thank God all the time that there is so good a medicine as Vegetine, and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs and weak sinking feelings at the stomach, and advise every one to take the Vegetine, for I can assure them it is one of the best medicines that ever was.

MRS. L. GORE,
Cor. Magazine and Walnut sts., Cambridge, Mass.

Vegetine.

Vegetine is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep.

Vegetine

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.
dec1 WAS 1w

Great Sale

—OF—

LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S

UNDERVESTS AND PANTS

—AT THE—

Boston Button Store.

GOODS MARKED DOWN TO CLOSE

Also some Extra Bargains in Worsted Jackets for Ladies & Misses ---prices ranging from 50 cents to $1.50. Corsets, Gloves, Nubias, Hosiery, & Fancy Goods of all kinds at extra low prices,

—AT THE—

Old Boston Button Store.

J. P. TUCKER.

Bangor, Nov 27 1877 Aw 2w

Watches, Chains & Jewelry.

A very fine assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Watches, American and Swiss, in Gold and Silver Cases. Also Chains and Jewelry in great variety for sale at lowest prices, at

CHAS. HIGHT'S BOOKSTORE,
3 Smith Block.

SLEIGHS & PUNGS FOR SALE.

I have a lot of new and second hand Sleighs and Pungs, which I will sell at low prices. Call and [illegible]

S. S. HUBBARD'S,
Adams' Shop, York Street, Bangor.

nov23

OILS.

Ex. W. Lard, Sperm, Whale, Pure Cod and W. V. Lub. Oils,

At Lowest Prices.

Frank M. Rowe,
121 EXCHANGE STREET.

FIRST SORT POTASH

For sale low by

F. M. ROWE.

mar8

AT

ONEHUNDREDANDTHIRTY

Exchange Street,

YOU WILL FIND

The Best Cooking Range (Highland)
The Best Parlor Stove, (Highland)
The Best Furnace, (Kohler.)
The Best Wringer, (Eureka.)
The Best Tin Ware.

ALSO

Water & Steam Pipe and Fittings,

PLUMBING.

Tin and sheet iron work and jobbing of all sorts promptly attended to.
All kinds of Clothes Wringers repaired and warranted.

W. H. PRITCHARD.

nov27 [illegible]

STOP!

At DOE BROTHERS, Hammond Street, and examine their fine stock of PARLOR SUITS, Oppmodes, Ash and Black Walnut CHAMBER SETTS, which they are selling at prices lower than can be obtained at any place in the State. We have the [illegible] in the city, and at lowest prices.

Our Sales Room and Factory being connected and under our personal supervision, our goods cost us less, and we are prepared to give better bargains in price and quality than you can obtain elsewhere. nov20

Auction Sales.

EDWARD LEAVITT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER

No. 12 Central St.

Furniture, Carpets & Stoves

AT AUCTION!

ON WEDNESDAY, December 5th, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Central Street Auction Room, the Furniture, Carpets and stoves of a family, consisting of

One Black Walnut Chamber Sett, Sofas, Lounges, Easy, Centre and Extension Tables, Dining Room, Kitchen and Chamber Furniture, Parlor and Sitting Room Carpets, Parlor Cook, and Air Tight Stoves, Crockery and Glassware, &c.

Also a Sheriff's Sale of Hardware taken on execution.

[illegible] EDWARD LEAVITT, Auctr.

BANKRUPT STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS

AT AUCTION:

Commencing on SATURDAY EVENING, Nov 24th, at 7 o'clock, at the Central Street Auction Room, and continue each evening until the stock is sold, consisting of

Dress Goods, Prints, Flannels, Sheetings, Linens, Woolen Goods, Towels and Napkins, Crashes, Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, and a great variety of other articles.

Don't neglect this sale if you want good articles at your own price.

Nov 13, 1877 EDWARD LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE at AUCTION.

That old and [illegible] estate, known as the

MANSION HOUSE PROPERTY,

will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, Dec. 15th, 1877,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, [illegible]

[illegible]

OSPHI L. BUCK, By E. A. [illegible]

Bangor, Nov 23, 1877

E. B. PATTEN,

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer

No. 10 West Market Square,

(Next Wheelwright & Clark's Block.)

Sales of Furniture, Carpets, &c., Saturdays. Storage for all kinds of Merchandise and Furniture, at low rates. Offices, Lofts, and Cellar Room to let, at low rates. Real Estate and Personal property sold on reasonable terms.

J. B. FOSTER,
AUCTIONEER,
—AND—
Commission Merchant,

No. 3, Foster & Bragg's Block, PICKERING SQUARE

PEARL & WEBB,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

24 West Market Square

Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

R. S. PRESCOTT,

Real Estate Broker, Commission Merchant

AUCTIONEER & GENERAL APPRAISER

No. 14 Central Street

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

For strictly household matters and dress, Harper's Bazar is altogether the best thing published. To take it is a matter of economy. No lady can afford to be without it, for the information it gives will save her very much more money than the subscription price, besides giving the household an interesting literary visitor.—Chicago Journal.

Harper's Bazar is profusely illustrated, and contains stories, poems, sketches, and essays of a most attractive character. ... In its literary and artistic features, the Bazar is unquestionably the best journal of its kind in the country.—Saturday Evening Gazette, Boston.

TERMS.

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year $4 00

$4 00 includes prepayment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00; postage free.

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Bazar commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising Nine Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

ST. NICHOLAS.

"The king of all publications issued for the young on either side of the Atlantic."—Southampton (England) Observer.

The third volume of this incomparable Magazine is now completed. With its eight hundred royal octavo pages, and its six hundred illustrations, its splendid serials, its shorter stories, poems, and sketches, etc., etc., in its beautiful binding of red and gold, it is the most splendid gift-book for boys and girls ever issued from the press. Price, $4; in full gilt, $5.

"St. Nicholas is full of the choicest things. The publication is, in all respects, the best of its kind. We have never yet seen a number that was not surprisingly good."—The Churchman, Hartford, Conn.

ST. NICHOLAS for 1877,

Which opens with November, 1876, begins

A short and very entertaining serial from the French, "The Kingdom of the Greedy," a story adapted to the Thanksgiving Season. Another serial, of absorbing interest to boys,

"HIS OWN MASTER," by J. T. Trowbridge, author of the "Jack Hazard Stories," begins in the Christmas Holiday number.

Besides serial stories, Christmas stories, lively sketches, poems and pictures for the holidays, and some astonishing illustrations of Oriental sports, with drawings by Siamese artists, the Christmas Holiday Number of St. Nicholas, superbly illustrated, contains a very interesting paper,

"THE BOYS OF MY BOYHOOD," by William Cullen Bryant;

"The Horse Hotel," a lively article, by Charles A. Barnard, splendidly illustrated; "The Clock in the Sky," by Richard A. Proctor; "A Christmas Play for Homes or Sunday Schools," by Dr. Eggleston; "The Peterkins' Christmas Tree," by Lucretia P. Hale; "Poetry and Carols of Winter," by Lucy Larcom, with pictures.

Do Not Fail to Buy ST. NICHOLAS for the Christmas Holidays. PRICE 25 cents.

During the year there will be interesting papers for boys, by William Cullen Bryant, John G. Whittier, Thomas Hughes, William Howitt, Dr. Holland, George MacDonald, Sanford B. Hunt, Frank R. Stockton, and others.

There will be stories, sketches, and poems, of special interest to girls, by Harriet Prescott Spofford, Susan Coolidge, Sarah Winter Kellogg, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Louisa Alcott, Lucretia P. Hale, Celia Thaxter, Mary Mapes Dodge, and many others. There will be also

"TWELVE SKY PICTURES," by Professor Proctor, the Astronomer,

with maps, showing "The Stars of Each Month," which will be likely to surpass in interest any series on popular science recently given to the public.

AMUSEMENT AND INSTRUCTION, with FUN AND FROLIC, and WIT AND WISDOM, will be mingled as heretofore, and ST. NICHOLAS will continue to delight the young and give pleasure to the old.

THE LONDON LITERARY WORLD says:

"There is no magazine for the young that can be said to equal this choice production of SCRIBNER'S press. All the articles, whether in prose or rhyme, are throbbing with vitality. * * * The literature and artistic illustrations are both superb."

The London Daily News says: "We wish we could point out its equal in our own periodical literature."

GOOD NEWS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

To meet the demand for a cheaper ST. NICHOLAS Gift Book, the price of vols. I and II has been reduced to $3 each. The three volumes, in an elegant library case, are sold for $10 (in full gilt, $15) so that all may give their children a complete set. These volumes contain more attractive material than fifty dollars' worth of the ordinary children's books.

Subscription price, $3 a year. The three bound volumes and a subscription for this year, only $12. Subscribe with the nearest newsdealer, or send money in check, or P. O. money order, or in registered letter, to

SCRIBNER & Co.,
dec11 743 Broadway, N.Y.

WANTED. An active, reliable man or woman in every town in the United States and Canada to introduce and sell our Goods. Full particulars and samples sent free on receipt of two three cent stamps to prepay postage. Address,

J. M. GEROW & Co., Bangor, Me.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SEASONABLE HINTS.—If from your poultry you desire eggs, more of them extend and internal (the latter by heat producing stimulating food) must be given now, than during the Spring and Summer season. Remembering always that the production of eggs in Winter is unnatural means must be afforded to gain this end. Remember, also, if your birds are rare, choice specimens, and the eggs are for table use, you may pay dear for them. How? Consider for a moment. Egg production naturally is confined to two seasons, the Spring and Summer; if by forcing, the two seasons were lengthened to three, almost four, must it not be at the expense vitality? May not shortness of life be the result? Nature is a unit; you cannot add to one quarter but at the expense of another. To the farmer whose poultry profits are when eggs are high we would say feed well, give good stimulating food, give warmth and protection, and you will be rewarded. But to the fanciers—whose profit is in eggs for hatching, whose prize is gratified by the show-room award—don't force your birds. Do not crowd them either for work or for room. Give just sufficient warmth for perfect health. Remember that nature cares for her own. If our birds are in heated quarters the feathering will be light and thin. If in cooler it will be heavy and perfect. The eggs, if the laying be delayed until nature herself favors, will produce stronger and healthier chicks, and the percentage be greater than if the result of a forcing, cramming, artificial feeding and care. Let your care and effort be for perfect condition, and the result will be if your stock is good, perfect plumage, and but few clear eggs when the hatching season arrives.

SIGNS OF A PROSPEROUS FARMER.—When you see a barn larger than his house, it shows that he will have large profits of small inflations. When you see him driving his work, instead of his work driving him, it shows that he will never be driven from good resolutions and that he will certainly work his way to prosperity. When you always see in his woodhouse a sufficiency for three months or more, it shows that he will be more than a ninety days wonder, in farming operations, and that he is not sleeping in his house after a drunken frolic. When his sled is housed in summer, and his farming implements covered both winter and summer, it plainly shows that he will have a good house over his head in the summer of his early life and the winter of old age. When his cattle are properly sheltered and fed in winter, it evinces that he is acting according to Scripture, which says that "a merciful man is merciful to his beast." When he is seen with a clubbing for a paper and paying in advance, it shows that he is speaking like a book respecting the last improvements in agriculture, and that he never gets his waiting papers to the land of poverty.

SAVE THE OLD PAPER.—Never throw away old paper. If you have no wish to sell it, put it in the house. Some housekeepers prefer it to cloth for cleaning many articles of furniture. For instance, a volume written by a lady who prided herself on her experience and tact, says: "After a stove has been blackened, it can be kept looking very well for a long time by rubbing it with paper every morning. Rubbing with paper is a much nicer way of keeping the outside of a tea kettle, coffee pot and tea pot bright and clean than the old way of washing them in suds. Rubbing with paper is also the best way of polishing knives, tinware and spoons, they shine like new silver. For polishing mirrors, windows, lamp chimneys, etc., paper is far better than dry cloth. Preserves and pickles keep much better if brown paper, instead of cloth, is laid over the jar. Canned fruit is not so apt to mould if a piece of writing paper is put to fit the can, instead of a cloth top. Paper is much better than a carpet to put under a carpet, instead of straw. It is warmer, tighter, and makes less noise when one walks over it."

GROWING SPRAYS IN THE HOUSE.—The beautiful Winter climber—the graceful queen of decorative vines—is adapted alike to the greenhouse and conservatory. The ivy leaf is one the will. Boston florists, by use of whom it is extensively grown as a decorative vine. With very little care it can be grown successfully as a house plant. The seed should be sown in a box or in pots, in the house, should be kept moist till the young plants appear. The seedlings rather slow to germinate, you must not think it bad if it does not make its appearance in two weeks. The young plants should be potted off into three-inch pots as soon as they are three or four inches high. Once a year the bulbs should be allowed to dry of and rest; they will start into growth again in about six weeks. The vine does not require the full sun, but it will grow in a partially-shaded situation. It can be trained on a small trellis across the window or around pictures. It is a climbing vine, and will attach itself to a string, just about the right condition to use for wreaths, etc., or when required for lighter work, the branches which become entangled can be separated.

A Rome belle says this may be an off year but she has had an offer.—*Rome Sentinel.*

The three things most difficult are—to keep a secret, to forget an injury, and to make good use of leisure.

"Tickle me when I'm sad, Mother!" is the new song in the mother series, sung in the New Orleans *Picayune* office.

When four women are walking abreast on the pavement, they will break ranks for nothing except a man with a paint bot.

After a recent wedding in one of the Boston suburbs, the band serenaded the couple with the peculiar happy and flattering song known as, "The monkey married the baboon's sister."

Serpents, they say, have power to charm. We probably learned the art in her famous interview with the serpent in the garden, and taught it to her daughters, and so women and serpents are charming.

A writer says that when a swimmer gets the cramp, he should turn his toes toward the knee. Another good way is to turn your toes toward the middle of the pond and pray for the nearest dry land.

"Great age" this well we in. People don't laugh now-a-days—they indulge in merriment. They don't walk—they promenade. They never eat any food—they masticate it. Nobody has a tooth pulled—it is extracted. No one has his feelings hurt—they are lacerated.

"Have you any marble or plaster busts of Psyche?" asked a Chicago lady at an art store. "No," was the reply of the polite but rather verdant clerk, "we have busts of most all the great men, but none of Sankey." The woman did not attempt an explanation.

The New York *Tribune* says the place for Cleopatra's Needle—when it arrives—is that point which is daily passed by the greatest number of citizens." We should think the temperance people of that city would strongly object to having the ancient obelisk set up in front of a beer saloon.

An Illinois clergyman is reported to have said, the other day, at the laying of the corner stone of a new meeting-house! "If boys and girls do their sparking in churches, I say amen to it. I have a daughter whom I cherish as the apple of my eye. When she is of suitable age, I would rather she should be courted in the house of God than in a theatre."

An amusing incident occurred in a Connecticut district school a few days since. A little boy, six years old, was seen to whisper, but denied doing so when reproved by the teacher; he was told to remain after school, when the teacher, trying to impress upon his youthful mind the sinfulness of not speaking the truth, asked him if they did not tell him in the Sunday school where bad boys went who told falsehoods. Choking with sobs he said: "Yes, marm, it is a place where there is a fire, but I don't just remember the name of the town."

Governor Zebulon Vance tells us of a New Orleans man who died and left the seventh article in his will as follows: "Whereas it seems that my son John is inclined to play poker, which is a dangerous game to tinker with, unless you know what you are doing; therefore I leave my son John $10,000, that he may go to Halifax, North Carolina, and learn how to play the game."—*Detroit Free Press.*

INVIGORATING BATH.—A teaspoonful or more of borax thrown into the bath tub while bathing will communicate velvety softness to the water, and at the same time invigorate and rest the bather, persons troubled with nervousness or wakeful nights, will find this kind of bath a great benefit.

1878.

THE OLDEST AND BEST

FAMILY NEWSPAPERS

BANGOR DAILY

WHIG AND COURIER

AND

BANGOR

WEEKLY COURIER.

1878--Vols. XLV-VI.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly, 1815.

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

In issuing the Forty-fifth annual Prospectus of these standard Newspapers, the Proprietors confidently appeal to the record of almost half a century, as affording the best promise of the future, while they will continue to spare no effort in maintaining and advancing their high character as

The Leading Journals of Eastern Maine,

And with facilities at our command we hope to make our journals still more interesting during the coming year.

Our connection with the *Associated Press*, from which we receive all the dispatches by night and day, enables us to present in each issue

The Latest Telegraphic News from All Parts of the World.

In addition we shall be served by Special Correspondents at important points, and shall furnish

Full Reports of

Local, Domestic and Foreign News,

Proceedings of Congress,

& State Legislature,

Financial and Commercial,

Home Produce Markets,

Editorial Articles, Agricultural News,

Manufacturing Intelligence,

Selected Stories,

Choice Poetry,

Entertaining Miscellany,

And all the important and interesting features which make up a

First Class Family Newspaper.

In politics the papers will continue to advocate and uphold the Principles of the Republican Party, while claiming to be independent, in the highest and best sense of the word. Fearless and outspoken in the treatment of all public questions and firmly maintaining what they believe to be *right*, they will avoid intolerance and make their appeals to the understanding rather than to prejudice. The year about to open will be fruitful of unusually important political events bearing upon the future of our country, and it will be our aim to afford our readers the earliest and most reliable information and to favor only such measures and policy as will best protect the rights and promote the welfare of all the people.

HOME INTERESTS,

as affected by the development of the resources of Maine, will receive special attention and whatever is calculated to stimulate or benefit

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES

in the State will be heartily encouraged. We rigidly exclude from our columns everything of an immoral tendency, avoid sensational matter and seek to make a thoroughly reliable paper which will be sure of

A Welcome in Every Family Circle.

To advertisers our columns open one of the best fields in New England, our circulation being the largest of any paper in this section, among the best classes of the people, and as

The Only Morning Daily East of the Kennebec,

our Daily issue affords the principal medium of communication with a large and constantly increasing number of readers throughout Central and Eastern Maine.

OUR WEEKLY

is also the largest and best Weekly Newspaper in the State. Every number accompanied by a two-page supplement, making a paper of FORTY-EIGHT columns, or one-half larger than any other Weekly. It is a standard publication, with large and constantly increasing circulation among the most intelligent and thrifty of the population of Eastern Maine, and the small space devoted to advertising is eagerly sought by the best class of patrons.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR 1878.

TERMS—Invariably in Advance:

Daily—$3 per annum, $1 for 0 mos.; $2 for 3 mos.

Weekly—$2 per annum; $1 for 6 mos.; 50c. 3 mos.

The new postal law compelling prepayment of postage, imposes the burden on the publishers, but we make no advance upon our established subscription price, and will send the paper

POSTAGE FREE.

Making a saving of $1.20 per annum for each of our Daily, and 20 cents per annum to each of our Weekly subscribers.

CLUBBING WITH MAGAZINES.

Subscribers will be furnished with either our Daily or Weekly paper and any of the favorite Periodicals or Magazines at their lowest Club rates.

In offering these advantageous terms we hope to be sustained by a liberal patronage.

BOUTELLE & BURR,

Proprietors.

NOTE. Eat Kennebec Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. B. FARNHAM,	POSTMASTER
E. A. CUMMINGS,	ASS'T POSTMASTER
W. H. H. LAWRENCE,	CLERK

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 6 P. M.; and from 8 to 9½ P. M. Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	6 45	6 30
European Railway,	6 30	
Piscataquis R. R.	6 30	
Cherryfield and Machias,		7 30
Ellsworth,	6 45	7 30
Belfast,	6 30	
Rockport,	8 00	6 30
Dixmont,	6 45	
E. Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		2 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon,		2 30

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	6 30	7 45
European Railway,		7 00
Piscataquis Railroad,		7 00
Ellsworth,	6 30	6 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	6 30	
Belfast,		6 00
Rockport,	7 30	6 00
Dixmont,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	
Hermon	12 M.	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and numbers. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons having their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number, and they will be delivered earlier than if the same is put on at the Office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in season for important mails—the down town boxes fifteen and the up town boxes thirty minutes before closing mails at the office.

Holders of the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 6½ to 9½ A. M., and from 1 to 6½ P. M. Sundays from 1 to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, samples of which may be seen at the Carrier's window, when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if inclosed within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

☞ The public are earnestly recommended to procure stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus *treated, not delivered*, to any person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at $2.8 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes

cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such stamps is prohibited by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped Envelopes, spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Prepaid.—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents half ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for the entire weight, when not delivered by carrier, or published oftener than once a week, or less frequent than once a week, three cents. The same law applies to dealers.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices, or papers coming to this office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada—Same as in the States on letters and papers, pre payment compulsory; *merchandise limited to 8 oz.*, postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER AND BOOKS AND MERCHANDISE.

One Cent for Two Ounces.

Almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand bills, magazines, maps—lithographed or engraved—music, printed sheets, newspapers, occasional publications, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, prospectuses.

One cent for each ounce.

Blank books, blank cards, book manuscripts, card boards and other flexible materials, chromo lithographs, circulars, engravings, envelopes, flex ible patterns, letter envelopes, letter paper, lithographs, merchandise, models, ornamental paper, postal cards when sent in bulk and not addressed, photographic views, photographic paper, printed matter, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals and merchandise, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions, stereoscopic views.

All packages of matter of third class must be so *wrapped or enveloped*, with *open sides or ends*, that their contents may be readily and thoroughly examined by postmasters without destroying the wrappers.

The sender of a package of third class matter may write his or her name on the wrapper with the matter inclosed, but nothing more, without subjecting the whole to letter postage.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in one *month thereafter*, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system, as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued in sums of not more than fifty dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES.

On orders not exceeding $15,	10 cents.
" over $15 and not exceeding $30,	15 cents.
" over $30 and not exceeding $40,	20 cents.
" over $40 and not exceeding $50,	25 cents.

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and German States.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. *If upon points where there is no Money Order Office,* then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From A. M. to 8 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the protection of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Money may be Registered by paying postage in full, and a Registration fee in stamps, for—

United States,	10 cents
Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States,	10 cents.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Africa, west coast, Br. possessions,	4 cts
Argentine Republic, British Mail,	24
Australia, via Southampton,	24
Australia, via San Francisco,	24
Bahamas,	5
Belgium,	5
Bermuda,	5
Brazil, via England,	24
Canada,	3
Cape of Good Hope,	24
Ceylon,	24
Chili,	24
China, via Southampton,	24
Cuba,	5
Denmark,	5
France,	5
Germany,	5
Gibraltar,	5
Great Britain and Ireland,	5
Hayti, direct, Br. mail via St. Thomas,	24
Hawaiian Kingdom, direct mail,	5
Holland,	5
Italy,	5
Jamaica, direct mail,	24
Japan, via Europe,	24
Japan, via San Francisco,	24
Mexico, direct, via sea	5
Mexico, by land routes,	10
Nassau, New Providence,	5
Natal,	24
Netherlands,	5
New Brunswick,	3
Newfoundland,	3
New Granada, direct mail,	24
New Granada, except Aspinwall & Panama,	10
Nova Scotia,	3
Panama,	10
Peru,	24
Port de Rico,	5
Portugal,	5
Russia,	5
Spain,	5
Straits Settlements,	24
Sweden,	5
Switzerland,	5
Trinidad,	24
Turkey,	5
Turks Island,	24
Venezuela,	24
West Indies, British,	24
West Indies, not British, and all other foreign states,	10

will be found at Post Office.

Prepayment required.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, maps, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, sheets of music, dies and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains, as follows:

Not over 2 ounces, 2 cents.
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces, 6 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Chas. W. Close, of Bangor, Penobscot Co., State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, date 1 April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 430, Vol. 420, a certain parcel of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point which is distant as measured on said street 160 feet, from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street; thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet; thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet; thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street; and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The condition of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By Jos. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, George W. Sprague, of Bangor, Penobscot Co., State of Maine, conveyed by deed of Mortgage, dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 343, Vol. 419, the following described real estate situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of the County Road leading from Bangor to Orono, 25 rods easterly from the westerly line of Lot No. 50, Holland's Survey, measuring at right angles from said westerly line; thence northerly on a line parallel with said westerly line of said lot 50, and 25 rods therefrom, measuring at right angles to the northerly line of the late Homestead farm of Joseph Treat, late of Bangor, deceased; thence easterly on the northerly line thereof to the westerly corner of said farm, and being in the easterly line of lot No. 20, said Holland's Plan and survey; thence southerly by said easterly line of said lot No. 20, and being the westerly line of the Drummond's farm, extended, to said road; thence westerly on said road to the place of beginning, and being all that part of said Treat's farm not heretofore conveyed, contiguous to said road, easterly of said line, drawn as aforesaid, and westerly of the westerly line of said No. 20. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 2, 1877. dlt&w3t 45 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Thomas H. Coombs of Bangor, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated Dec. 28, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 6, Vol. 423, one undivided half part of the real estate situated in Bangor, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of Essex and Somerset streets; thence westerly by said Somerset street, 100 feet; thence southerly by Darling's line about 45 feet; thence easterly by Darling's line about 100 feet to said Essex street; thence northerly on said Essex street 45 feet to the point begun at. The condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 7, 1877. dlt&w3t 45 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Charles H. Coombs of Bangor, Penobscot Co., State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated Dec. 28, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 6, Vol. 423, one undivided half part of the real estate situated in Bangor, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of Essex and Somerset streets; thence westerly by said Somerset street, 100 feet; thence southerly by Darling's line about 45 feet; thence easterly by Darling's line about 100 feet to said Essex street; thence northerly on said Essex street 45 feet to the point begun at. The condition of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 7, 1877. dlt&w3t 45 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Ellen Fleming of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated 11 August, 1873, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 1, Vol. 420, a certain lot of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point which is distant as measured on said street 160 feet, from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street; thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet; thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet; thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street; and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, George W. Taylor, of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 341, Vol. 419, the following parcel of land and buildings thereon situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the northeasterly corner of a parcel of land sold by Ezra Kenney to Mary A. Taylor, and conveyed to George W. Taylor, by deed of Ezra Kenney, dated April 1, 1871, and recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 1, Vol. 416, and being the northwesterly corner of said Taylor's lot; thence southerly on said Taylor's lot 100 feet; thence westerly parallel with the Hammond street 25 feet; thence northerly 50 ft., on corner or old Chalmers' lot, thence westerly about 15 ft., to a point 25 feet from the line of said Taylor's lot; thence northerly about 50 feet to the Hammond street; thence easterly on said street 40 feet, to the place of beginning. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Stephen F. Burton and Martha J. Burton, his wife, of Bangor, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated March 8, 1875, to Bangor Insurance Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, pages 277 and 278, Vol. 451, a tract of land situated in Bradford, County and State aforesaid, and bounded as follows: Commencing on the East line of the road running from Peabody Dolan to Hill Schoolhouse, and on the North line of the road leading from Bradford Corner to Isaac Libbey; thence Easterly on the North line of said road until it comes to a piece of land deeded by Stephen Matthews to Daniel Libby; thence Northerly on the West line of said lot to land occupied by Daniel Libby; thence Westerly on South line of said land to the East line of said road; thence southerly on the East line of said road to bounds commencing, containing 1 acre, more or less, also a certain tract of land situated in Bradford, County of Penobscot and State of Maine and bounded as follows: Commencing on the South side of the road leading from Bradford Corner, Easterly to Isaac Libbey, and at the East line of Samuel Spencer's land, running South on the East line to land occupied by John Dearborn; thence Westerly on the North line of said land to Spencer Arnold's East line; thence Northerly on said Arnold's line to the road first named; thence Easterly on the South side of said road to bounds commenced at, containing 124 acres, more or less. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Dan'l Milliken of Orono, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated June 24, 1874, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 8, Vol. 446, a certain parcel of land situated in Orono, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of said Milliken's house, thence southerly on the East side of said house and barn, 30 feet; thence easterly 50 feet; thence northerly 30 feet; thence westerly 50 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1 rod, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to said Milliken by deed from Chas. Hatch, dated April 1, 1872, and recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, Vol. 416, page 1. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas William M. Sylvester of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 340, Vol. 419, a certain lot of land situated in said Bangor and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning on the easterly side of Cedar Street at Thomas Hammond's line; thence southerly on said Cedar Street 50 feet; thence easterly parallel with Hammond's line 100 feet; thence northerly 50 feet, to Hammond's line; thence westerly on said line 100 feet to the place of beginning. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Daniel C. Goodwin of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 345, Vol. 419, the following described real estate situated in said Bangor, together with all the buildings thereon, viz: Beginning at the corner formed by the S. W. corner of Hatch's Block and the S. W. corner of the line of a street or way, as said street or way is laid down on a plan made by J. Chase; thence Northerly on said Hatch's Block 100 feet; thence Westerly on South line of said land to land of Mary Cushing; thence southerly on the East line of said road to bounds commencing, containing 1 acre, more or less, also a certain lot of land situated in Bradford, County of Penobscot and State of Maine and bounded as follows: Commencing on the South side of the road leading from Bradford Corner, Easterly to Isaac Libbey, and at the East line of Samuel Spencer's land, running South on the East line to land occupied by John Dearborn; thence Westerly on the North line of said land to Spencer Arnold's East line; thence Northerly on said Arnold's line to the road first named; thence Easterly on the South side of said road to bounds commenced at, containing 124 acres, more or less. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Lincoln Getchell of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 432, Vol. 419, the following parcel of land situated in said Bangor and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Cedar Street, 100 feet from the corner of said Cedar Street and Hammond street; thence northerly 50 feet; thence easterly parallel with said Hammond street 100 feet; thence southerly 50 feet, to Hammond street; thence westerly on said Hammond street 100 feet to the place of beginning. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Stephen F. Burton and Martha J. Burton, his wife, of Bangor, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated March 8, 1875, to Bangor Insurance Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, pages 277 and 278, Vol. 451, a tract of land situated in Bradford, County and State aforesaid, and bounded as follows: Commencing on the East line of the road running from Peabody Dolan to Hill Schoolhouse, and on the North line of the road leading from Bradford Corner to Isaac Libbey; thence Easterly on the North line of said road until it comes to a piece of land deeded by Stephen Matthews to Daniel Libby; thence Northerly on the West line of said lot to land occupied by Daniel Libby; thence Westerly on South line of said land to bounds; thence southerly on the East line of said road to bounds commencing, containing 1 acre, more or less, also a certain tract of land situated in Bradford, County of Penobscot and State of Maine and bounded as follows: Commencing on the South side of the road leading from Bradford Corner, Easterly to Isaac Libbey, and at the East line of Samuel Spencer's land, running South on the East line to land occupied by John Dearborn; thence Westerly on the North line of said land to Spencer Arnold's East line; thence Northerly on said Arnold's line to the road first named; thence Easterly on the South side of said road to bounds commenced at, containing 124 acres, more or less. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Ellen Fleming of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated 11 August, 1873, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 1, Vol. 420, a certain lot of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point which is distant as measured on said street 160 feet, from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street; thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet; thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet; thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street; and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, George W. Sprague, of Bangor, Penobscot Co., State of Maine, conveyed by deed of Mortgage, dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 343, Vol. 419, the following described real estate situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of the County Road leading from Bangor to Orono, 25 rods easterly from the westerly line of Lot No. 50, Holland's Plan, measuring at right angles from said westerly line; thence northerly on a line parallel with said westerly line of said lot 50, and 25 rods therefrom, measuring at right angles to the northerly line of the late Homestead farm of Joseph Treat, late of Bangor, deceased; thence easterly on the northerly line thereof to the westerly corner of said farm, and being in the easterly line of lot No. 20, said Holland's Plan and survey; thence southerly by said easterly line of said lot No. 20, and being the westerly line of the Drummond's farm, extended, to said road; thence westerly on said road to the place of beginning, and being all that part of said Treat's farm not heretofore conveyed, contiguous to said road, easterly of said line, drawn as aforesaid, and westerly of the westerly line of said No. 20. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken, I claim a foreclosure of same and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Thomas H. Coombs of Bangor, County of Penobscot, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated Dec. 28, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 6, Vol. 423, one undivided half part of the real estate situated in Bangor, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of Essex and Somerset streets; thence westerly by said Somerset street, 100 feet; thence southerly by Darling's line about 45 feet; thence easterly by Darling's line about 100 feet to said Essex street; thence northerly on said Essex street 45 feet to the point begun at. The condition of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 7, 1877. dlt&w3t 45 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas, Charles H. Coombs, of Bangor, Penobscot Co., State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, date 1 April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 6, Vol. 423, a certain lot of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point which is distant as measured on said street 160 feet, from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street; thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet; thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet; thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street; and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Ellen Fleming of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage, dated 11 August, 1873, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 1, Vol. 420, a certain lot of land situated in Bangor, and bounded as follows, viz: Commencing on the southerly side of State street at a point which is distant as measured on said street 160 feet, from the corner formed by the southerly side of State street and the easterly side of Newbury street; thence southerly parallel with Newbury street 100 feet; thence easterly and parallel with State street 25 feet; thence northerly and parallel with Newbury street 100 feet to State street; and thence along State street to the point begun at, together with the buildings thereon standing. The conditions of said mortgage having been broken I claim a foreclosure of same, and give this public notice for that purpose as provided by law.

(Signed.) BANGOR INS. CO.
By JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Treas.
Bangor, Nov. 24, 1877. dlt&w3t 48 r

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas Daniel C. Goodwin of Bangor, Penobscot County, State of Maine, conveyed by deed of mortgage dated April 15, 1872, to Bangor Ins. Co., recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds, page 345, Vol. 419, the following described real estate situated in said Bangor, together with all the buildings thereon, viz: Beginning at the corner formed by the S. W. corner of Hatch's Block and the S. W. corner of the line of a street or way, as said